



Piloting Parameters – For Seaglider Software Version 66.12

KONGSBERG

1. PARAMETER CONVENTIONS

- 1.1. All parameters have a leading \$ in their name. This guide uses **boldface** font to denote all parameters, and *italic* font for file names. Most parameters in this manual are provided with nominal values.
Note: Nominal values are not default values. The values for your glider may be different.
- 1.2. Parameters associated with a dive are reported by Seaglider in the .log file. These include all pilot changeable parameters described in this document. The values generated on board the Seaglider such as glide angle, pitch angle, and desired heading are given parameter-like names with a leading \$ for consistent parsing during post-dive data processing.

2. COMMAND FILE (CMDFILE) STATE DIRECTIVES

- 2.1. The command file (cmdfile) directives control the state of autonomous Seaglider operations. The directives are given as the last (sometimes only) line of the command file. The command file is stored on the basestation and transferred to Seaglider during communication sessions. Directives do not have associated values.

Table-2.1 Directives

Directive	Definition
\$GO	<p>This command will cause Seaglider to continue in its current mode of operation. If in an autonomous run, doing repeated dives, it will continue to dive according to its current set of parameters.</p> <p>If a \$GO command is received while Seaglider is in the recovery state, Seaglider will stay in the recovery state. If \$GO is received while Seaglider is in the diving state it will continue the dive state.</p> <p>Note: error conditions may cause the operating code to change the state of Seaglider from diving to recovery regardless of the directive.</p>
\$RESUME	<p>This command will cause Seaglider to resume diving from within the recovery state, using its current set of parameters.</p> <p>If Seaglider is in dive state at the time the \$RESUME command is received, it will continue diving. If Seaglider is in recovery state at the time it receives a \$RESUME, it will start diving with existing parameters.</p>
\$QUIT	<p>This command will cause Seaglider to go immediately to the recovery state.</p> <p>In recovery, the Seaglider will hold at the surface, sleeping \$T_RSLEEP minutes between the end of one communication session and the start of the next. There are about two minutes of communication overhead associated with each session, so the sessions are approximately (\$T_RSLEEP+2) minutes apart.</p>

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Replacing the **\$QUIT** directive with a **\$RESUME** directive will cause Seaglider to initiate a new dive with the existing set of parameters.

- 2.2. Table 2.2 outlines the effect of each directive on Seaglider in each of the autonomous run states: diving and recovery

Table-2.2 Effect of directive on dive or recovery state

State	Directive		
	\$GO	\$RESUME	\$QUIT
Diving	Diving	Diving	Recovery
Recovery	Recovery	Diving	Recovery

3. PILOTING PARAMETERS

- 3.1. Seaglider parameters are modifiable by the pilot via the command file (cmdfile), using the convention **\$NAME,value** (Example: **\$SM_CC,475**).

Note: There is no space between the comma and the value for the definition of a parameter.

- 3.2. Table 4.1 lists each parameter alphabetically, defines the parameter, and where appropriate provides nominal, minimum and maximum values.
- 3.3. Table 5.1 lists the parameters by category and order of frequency of use.

4. ALPHABETIZED PARAMETERS

Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$AD7714Ch0Gain <i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change</i>	128, 64, 32, or 1		
The gain assigned to the pressure sensor channel on the AD7714 analog-to-digital converter.			
The parameter takes three values: 128 for normal Seaglider operations with an installed Paine pressure sensor, 64 for normal Seaglider operations with an installed Druck pressure sensor, 32 for normal Seaglider operations with an installed Kistler pressure sensor, and 1 for bench testing where synthetic voltage is injected in place of the pressure sensor output to simulate diving.			
If the parameters \$SIM_W and \$SIM_PITCH are non-zero, this parameter does not apply.			

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$AHO_10V</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change</i></p> <p>The capacity of the secondary battery pack (Amp Hr) for a 24V/10V Seaglider system.</p> <p>There is a small safety factor in this number, and its accuracy has been verified in post-recovery depletion testing of Seaglider battery packs.</p> <p>Seagliders with the 24V/10V battery system go into the recovery state if the total secondary (10V) battery pack amp-hours used on a mission equals or exceeds this value.</p> <p>For Seagliders configured with the 15 V shared bus system, when either \$AHO_10V or \$AHO_24V is zero, all of the energy is charged to the other pack. To keep consistency between 15V glider systems, Kongsberg recommends setting \$AHO_10V to zero and \$AHO_24V to 350.</p>	<p>10V: 95</p> <p>15V: 0</p>	1	100
<p>\$AHO_24V</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>The capacity of the main battery pack (Amp Hr) for a 24V/10V Seaglider system.</p> <p>There is a small safety factor in this number, and its accuracy has been verified in post-recovery depletion testing of Seaglider battery packs.</p> <p>Seagliders with the 24V/10V battery system go into the recovery state if the total main battery pack (24 V) amp-hours used on a mission equals or exceeds this value.</p> <p>For Seagliders configured with the 15 V shared bus system, when either \$AHO_10V or \$AHO_24V is zero, all of the energy is charged to the other pack. To keep consistency between 15V glider systems, Kongsberg recommends setting \$AHO_24V to 350 and \$AHO_10V to 0.</p>	<p>24V: 145</p> <p>15V: 310</p>	1	150

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$ALT_TEL_NUM			
<p>The alternate telephone number Seaglider dials to connect to the basestation if it is unable to connect via the primary number, 13 digits maximum.</p> <p>The format for the number is: international country code without leading zeroes (for example, "1" for the US), then city/area code and number. There are no spaces or other interrupting characters between country code, city/area code or number.</p> <p>This parameter is an output from the Seaglider and can be found in each dive's .pvt file.</p> <p>The \$ALT... mechanism allows for automatic switching between two telephone numbers in the event of a communication failure. If a communication session using the primary phone number (\$TEL_NUM) does not successfully connect (after \$CALL_TRIES attempts), the phone number is switched to the alternate number for the next surfacing.</p> <p>If a communication session completes successfully on the alternate phone number, the phone number is switched back to the primary for the next surfacing.</p> <p>NOTE: This parameter is not adjustable from the cmdfile. The number is edited using the pdocmds.bat file or through direct connection to Seaglider using the menus.)</p>			
\$ALTIM_BOTTOM_PING_RANGE	0	0	500
<p>The range (in meters) from the presumed apogee depth (the nominal depth at which Seaglider begins its apogee maneuver) to ping for the bottom.</p> <p>A value of 0 disables pinging. Only one attempt is made to sound for the bottom, unlike \$ALTIM_PING_DEPTH which will ping once every \$ALTIM_PING_DELTA meters until it successfully detects the bottom, or apogee is triggered by another means.</p>			
\$ALTIM_BOTTOM_TURN_MARGIN	12	0	100
<p>The distance (in meters) from the altimeter detected sea floor (or obstacle) at which to initiate the apogee maneuver (bottom turn).</p> <p>A value of 0 disables the use of the altimeter to determine the start of the apogee maneuver.</p>			
\$ALTIM_FREQUENCY	13	10	25
<p>Frequency (kHz) to use for altimeter pings. 13kHz is the most acoustically (and energy) efficient frequency for this transducer. However, if another sensor on the Seaglider operates at this frequency, the altimeter frequency should be changed to another value within its operational range.</p>			

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$ALTIM_PING_DELTA	5	0	1000
<p>If the altimeter does not receive a successful return and confirmation ping return at \$ALTIM_PING_DEPTH, it continues to issue pings at depth intervals of \$ALTIM_PING_DELTA meters until it does receive a successful return and confirmation ping or apogee is triggered by another means.</p>			
\$ALTIM_PING_DEPTH	80	0	1000
<p>The depth of the first altimeter ping (meters), if non-zero.</p> <p>If the altimeter gets a return, and a return to an immediate second confirmation ping, it sets the bottom depth equal to the current depth plus the altimeter range to the bottom.</p> <p>The apogee maneuver is initiated at \$ALTIM_BOTTOM_TURN_MARGIN meters above the bottom. If \$ALTIM_BOTTOM_TURN_MARGIN = 0, the apogee maneuver is triggered by \$USE_BATHY if activated, or \$D_TGT.</p> <p>If \$ALTIM_PING_DEPTH is non-zero, the altimeter timeout is set so that the maximum range is the larger of $0.75 * \\$ALTIM_PING_DEPTH$ and $1.2 * \\$ALTIM_TOP_PING_RANGE$ if set. The first test is meant to exclude surface returns.</p> <p>NOTE: \$ALTIM_PING_DEPTH and \$ALTIM_BOTTOM_PING_RANGE modes are mutually exclusive. If \$ALTIM_BOTTOM_PING_RANGE is set, it is honored to the exclusion of \$ALTIM_BOTTOM_PING_DEPTH.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$ALTIM_PULSE	3	1	9

Pulse width (ms) of altimeter pings. This parameter is used in conjunction with **\$ALTIM_SENSITIVITY** to tune the altimeter.

Parameter Value	Pulse Width (ms)
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9

If the altimeter is receiving false hits, the values of **\$ALTIM_PULSE** and **\$ALTIM_SENSITIVITY** should be increased incrementally. If the altimeter is unable to find the bottom, the values of **\$ALTIM_PULSE** and **\$ALTIM_SENSITIVITY** should be decreased incrementally.

Tuning is often best achieved by alternately adjusting **\$ALTIM_PULSE** and **\$ALTIM_SENSITIVITY** by one unit until the altimeter returns realistic depth values.

\$ALTIM_SENSITIVITY	2	0	5
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Sensitivity (volts) of the altimeter envelope detector. A value of 0 disables the envelope detector, causing the altimeter to trigger on any return of the receive frequency.

Values between 1 and 5 require that the return signal sustain the specified voltage for the duration of the pulse width (**\$ALTIM_PULSE**) before a triggering is received.

Sensitivity	DC Level
0	Altimeter circuitry not used
1	0.25 V
2	0.5 V
3	1.0 V
4	2.0 V
5	4.0 V

This parameter is used in conjunction with **\$ALTIM_PULSE** to tune an altimeter. If the altimeter is receiving false hits, the values of **\$ALTIM_PULSE** and **\$ALTIM_SENSITIVITY** should be increased incrementally. If the altimeter is unable to find the bottom, the values of **\$ALTIM_PULSE** and **\$ALTIM_SENSITIVITY** should be decreased incrementally. Tuning is often best achieved by alternately adjusting **\$ALTIM_PULSE** and **\$ALTIM_SENSITIVITY** by one unit until the altimeter returns realistic depth values.

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$ALTIM_TOP_MIN_OBSTACLE Minimum obstacle depth (in meters) to honor initiating a subsurface finish.	1	0	100
\$ALTIM_TOP_PING_RANGE Depth (meters) to ping the altimeter. A value of 0 disables a ping.	0	0	500
\$ALTIM_TOP_TURN_MARGIN Distance (meters) from an altimeter detected obstacle to initiate the sub-surface finish. A value of 0 disables the use of the altimeter to determine the start of the sub-surface finish.	0	0	100
\$APOGEE_PITCH The pitch angle the glider transitions to when it observes a depth greater than the apogee depth (\$D_TGT , \$D_GRID or a bottom detection from the altimeter). During this first stage of the apogee maneuver the Seaglider also rolls to neutral and pumps the VBD to 0 cc (neutral buoyancy). In the second stage of apogee, the pitch angle changes from \$APOGEE_PITCH to the inverse of the dive angle, the VBD is pumped to the inverse of the amount of oil bled during the dive and the Seaglider begins its ascent.	-5	-20	0
\$C_PITCH The center (neutral or flat) position (A/D counts) for pitch. Obtain the initial value from the Seaglider's trim sheet (cal tab) and adjust as needed during the deployment.	2700		
\$C_ROLL_CLIMB The center (neutral or straight flight) position (A/D counts) for roll during the climb (positive pitch control) phase. Obtain the initial value from the Seaglider's trim sheet (cal tab) and adjust as needed during the deployment. NOTE: The climb and dive roll centers are different due to roll biases induced by physical asymmetries in Seaglider.	2025		
\$C_ROLL_DIVE The center (neutral or straight flight) position (A/D counts) for roll during the dive phase (negative pitch control). Obtain the initial value from the Seaglider's trim sheet (cal tab) and adjust as needed during the deployment. NOTE: The climb and dive roll centers are different due to roll biases induced by physical asymmetries in Seaglider.	2025		

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$C_VBD	2900		
<p>The center (neutrally buoyant at a specified density) position (A/D counts) for VBD.</p> <p>Obtain the initial value from the Seaglider’s trim sheet (cal tab) and adjust as needed during the deployment.</p>			
\$CALL_NDIVES	1	1	10
<p>The number of profiles (dive/climb cycles) to perform before attempting communications.</p> <p>Seaglider normally surfaces after each profile. GPS fixes 1 and 2 are obtained at the surface, independent of the value of \$CALL_NDIVES.</p> <p> Caution: If \$CALL_NDIVES > 1 is used in conjunction with \$N_NOSURFACE >= 2 , care must be taken to ensure that Iridium calls made by the Seaglider coincide with the glider completing a surface finish. Otherwise, the glider will not be heard from until it enters recovery state due to \$N_DIVES or low battery (\$MINV_10V or \$MINV_24V).</p>			
\$CALL_TRIES	5	1	20
<p>The maximum number of phone calls to attempt between profiles.</p> <p>If the Seaglider is unable to make a call after \$CALL_TRIES, it resumes diving and the phone number is switched to \$ALT_TEL_NUM for the next surfacing.</p>			
\$CALL_WAIT	60	0	600
<p>The time (seconds) between call attempts during a communications session. This wait interval provides time to allow the Iridium satellite geometry to change and perhaps improve the connection.</p>			
\$CAPMAXSIZE	100000	1024	400000
<p>Maximum sizes (bytes) prior to compression of the capture file to upload via Iridium.</p> <p>If the capture file exceeds this value, Seaglider creates a new capture file that is of the size requested, per the following strategy:</p> <p>If there are no critical lines of output, the first \$CAPMAXSIZE bytes are sent.</p> <p>If there are critical lines of output, the new capture file consists of the first 20 lines of the critical output, with a window of output lines surrounding each critical line.</p> <p>Capture files are sent to the basestation automatically in the cases of critical output or the completion of a SelfTest, or as requested by \$CAPUPLOAD.</p>			

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$CAPUPLOAD	1	0	1
<p>A Boolean value that determines if the capture file from the current dive should be uploaded to the basestation.</p> <p>0 - do not upload the capture file.</p> <p>1 - upload the capture file.</p> <p> Warning: If a critical error occurs during a dive, the Seaglider will override a \$CAPUPLOAD setting of 0 and force an upload of the capture file per the description in \$CAPMAXSIZE.</p> <p>NOTE: Turn \$CAPUPLOAD off while the Seaglider is under normal operation to conserve energy and reduce surface time and Iridium charges.</p>			
\$CF8_MAXERRORS	20	0	500
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>The maximum (integer) number of Compact Flash (CF8) errors allowed before Seaglider goes into recovery state. A CF8 error is counted against the \$CF8_MAXERRORS limit when a CF8 open or write call continues to fail (returns an error code) after three retries.</p>			
COMM_SEQ	0	0	2
<p>Defines the sequence of file transfer. A value of zero indicates the standard communication file transfer sequence: command (<i>cmdfile</i>), <i>targets</i>, <i>science</i>, current dive .log and .dat files, current .cap file if \$CAPUPLOAD = 1, earlier un-transferred .log and .dat files, earlier un-transferred .cap files if \$CAPUPLOAD = 1, <i>pdoccmds.bat</i>, <i>sgdddd.pz.nnn</i> (the results of the <i>pdoccmds.bat</i> commands), and any other files as commanded in <i>pdoccmds.bat</i>.</p> <p>A value of 1 indicates skipping the normal data file transmissions and going directly to <i>pdoccmds.bat</i> after the <i>cmdfile</i>, <i>targets</i>, <i>science</i> have been sent, so the sequence for file transfers becomes command (<i>cmdfile</i>), <i>targets</i>, <i>science</i>, <i>pdoccmds.bat</i>, <i>sgdddd.pz.nnn</i> and any other files as commanded in <i>pdoccmds.bat</i>.</p> <p>This was implemented as a way to quickly get the <i>pdoccmds.bat</i> file transferred to the Seaglider. It is a control mode to be used only when communications or other Seaglider problems exist.</p>			

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$COMPASS_DEVICE</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Configuration flag (integer) specifying the model and port for the compass and transponder/altimeter devices.</p> <p>This integer value is equal to (port_number + 16*type_number).</p> <p>For example, for a TCM2-50 (type 0) on general purpose port 1,</p> <p>\$COMPASS_DEVICE = 1 + 16*0 = 1.</p> <p>The array of available models is specific to each device. The compass device must be defined. This parameter cannot be -1. For transponders not connected to a serial port (for example, Benthos ENT- 380), the null port (0) can be specified.</p>	33		
<p>\$COMPASS2_DEVICE</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders.</p> <p>Defines the second compass, as in \$COMPASS_DEVICE. -1 means the device is not installed.</p>	-1		
<p>\$COMPASS_USE</p> <p>During Seaglider development this parameter was used to assess compass problems. It allows manipulation of inputs and outputs in compass calibration and reporting. For normal operations, use 0 for calibrated values from the compass.</p> <p>\$COMPASS_USE allows for faking input and outputs in compass calibration and reporting. The value is bitmapped as follows:</p> <p>Bit 0 Heading source:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 = calibrated magnetic field w/PR corrections 1 = direct from compass (effectively ignores PR bits) <p>Bit 1 Autocalibration mode (experimental):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 = no auto calibration 1 = leave compass on throughout flight and run auto calibration <p>Bit 2 Offboard cal mode (experimental):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 = do not report mag values in data file 1 = report mag values in data file for use in off board cal <p>Bits 3-4 pitch source for heading correction:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 = calibrated from sensor inputs per normal routine 1 = use value direct from compass 2 = calculate based on pitch mass position and gain 	0	0	4045

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
Bits 5-6 roll source for heading correction			
0 = calibrated from sensor inputs per normal routine			
1 = use value direct from compass			
2 = calculate based on pitch mass position and gain			
Bits 7-8 pitch to report in data stream			
0 = calibrated from sensor inputs per normal routine			
1 = use value direct from compass			
2 = calculate based on pitch mass position and gain			
Bits 9-10 roll to report in data stream			
0 = calibrated from sensor inputs per normal routine			
1 = use value direct from compass			
2 = calculate based on pitch mass position and gain			
Bit 11 which compass device to use			
0 = COMPASS_DEVICE			
1 = COMPASS2_DEVICE			
A value of 40 (0x28) will calculate a pitch and roll from control positions for use in the heading calibration but will report calibrated pitch and roll in the data stream. A value of 680 (40 + 640) will use the control position calculated attitudes for reporting as well.			
\$COURSE_BIAS	0	-360	360
A heading bias (degrees) to compensate for an observed tendency of Seaglider to veer to one side.			
This value is subtracted from the desired heading to produce the target heading.			
\$CP_PROFILE	3	0	3
A Current Profiler command that specifies when the acoustic sensor will record data: never, downcast only, up-cast only or both down- and upcast.			
0 = never			
1 = downcast only			
2 = upcast only			
3 = downcast and upcast			
Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Current Profiler (AD2CP).			
\$CP_RECORDABOVE	1000	0	1000
A Current Profiler command that sets the depth (meters) to which the sensor will sample. A value of 0 turns the sensor off.			
Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Current Profiler (AD2CP).			

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$SCP_RECORDAPOGEE</p> <p>A Current Profiler command that specifies whether the sensor is sampled during apogee or turned off. If the value is set to 1, the Current Profiler will sample through apogee. If the value is set to 0, the Current Profiler will be turned off during apogee.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Current Profiler (AD2CP).</p>	0	0	1
<p>\$SCP_RECORDBELOW –Will be available in 66.13</p> <p>A Current Profiler command that sets the depth (meters) below which the sensor will sample. A value of 0 turns the sensor off.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Current Profiler (AD2CP).</p>	10	0	1000
<p>\$SCP_STARTS</p> <p>A diagnostic value output by the Current Profiler, that keeps track of the number of times the sensor restarts during a mission. There should be two restarts per dive: one for the downcast and one for the upcast.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Current Profiler (AD2CP).</p>			
<p>\$SCP_UPLOADMAX</p> <p>This command is not used by the Current Profiler although it is listed in the .log file. Instead, the size of the decimated file sent from the Current Profiler at the end of a dive is specified in the NCP_GO file. The NCP_GO file can be modified by the user, is located on the basestation and is picked up by the glider at each surfacing.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Current Profiler AD2CP).</p>			
<p>\$SCP_XMITPROFILE</p> <p>A Current Profiler command that specifies if the decimated data file from a dive is uploaded to the basestation. The up-cast and down-cast data is contained in the same file. A value of 1 means the decimated data file will be transferred from the Current Profiler to the basestation. A value of zero means no Current Profiler data will be uploaded to the basestation.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Current Profiler (AD2CP).</p>	1	0	1

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$CURRENT			
An output from Seaglider of depth averaged current (m/s, degrees, Boolean validity check) calculated by the glider when \$NAV_MODE,2 is used.			
For example, an output of \$CURRENT,0.035, 283.8,1 means the Seaglider calculated a depth averaged current of 3.5 cm/s at 283.8 degrees east of north and it judged the calculation to be valid.			
\$D_ABORT	1020	0	1020
The maximum depth (meters) for Seaglider operations.			
If this depth is reached, the dive is aborted and Seaglider immediately enters the recovery state.			
\$D_BOOST	SBP: 5 HPBP: 120	0	5 120
A VBD system parameter to define the depth (meters) above which only the boost pump will run.			
\$D_BOOST is set based on the pump characteristics of the VBD system. The nominal values listed represent the most efficient use for the Standard Boost Pump (SBP) and the High Pressure Boost Pump (HPBP). The maximum values are hardware limits set at the factory and may not be exceeded. Doing so can mean loss of your glider.			
If \$D_BOOST=0 , both the boost pump and the main pump run simultaneously at all depths.			
If Seaglider VBD starts pumping at a depth greater than \$D_BOOST , both pumps are used.			
Both the boost and main pumps are used following a retry.			
NOTE: The standard boost pump is not capable of pumping oil by itself below 5 m depth. The high pressure boost pump is not capable of pumping oil by itself at depths greater than 120 m.			
\$D_CALL	0	0	5
A depth (meters) above which the glider will initiate the GPS acquisition and Iridium phone call portion of the surface maneuver.			
If this depth is not reached, a subsurface finish is executed			
A value of 0 means the glider initiates the GPS acquisition and Iridium phone call at the surface.			

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$D_FINISH	0	0	1000
<p>The depth (meters) at which a dive is considered completed.</p> <p>Normally this is 0, but can be a number greater than zero to specify the depth at which subsurface finish maneuvers should be started.</p> <p>Used only when an additional trigger to initiate a subsurface finish is present (see \$N_NOSURFACE).</p> <p>NOTE: If a subsurface finish has been triggered by \$N_NOSURFACE and \$D_FINISH \geq \$D_SURF, the dive will complete a subsurface finish. However, if a subsurface finish has been triggered by \$N_NOSURFACE and \$D_FINISH $<$ \$D_SURF, the dive will finish at the surface.</p>			
\$D_FLARE	3	0	50
<p>The depth (meters) at which Seaglider flares to the target pitch angle.</p> <p>The guidance and control (G&C) action at the start of the dive phase maintains full pitch forward as VBD bleeding takes place.</p> <p>As soon as Seaglider reaches \$D_FLARE, a new G&C action is initiated. Pitch is adjusted first (the flare), then VBD is adjusted (bleed to the target VBD as necessary), and finally roll is actuated to turn Seaglider to the correct heading.</p>			
\$D_NO_BLEED	200	10	500
<p>The depth (meters) below which Seaglider will not bleed (move) oil from the bladder into the internal reservoir on dives.</p> <p>This parameter also defines the depth at which the \$T_NO_W parameter takes effect.</p>			
<p> Caution: Do not exceed the specified maximum value. Opening the bleed valve when at pressure can cause it to stick in the open position.</p>			
\$D_OFFGRID	100	10	1000
<p>The depth (meters) that the bathymetry map look-up routine returns in the event that the Seaglider is outside the area covered by loaded bathymetry map/s.</p> <p>This parameter is used with \$USE_BATHY.</p>			
\$D_PITCH	0	0	5
<p>Depth (meters) to initiate a surface pitch maneuver. If a depth shallower than this value is not reached, then a subsurface maneuver is executed.</p> <p>A value of 0 means the surface pitch maneuver is executed at the surface.</p>			

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$D_SAFE	0	0	990
<p>The target depth (meters) to use when flying an escape route and limiting the dive depth for VBD safety reasons.</p> <p>The escape is triggered by either VBD max errors exceeded or uncommanded bleed.</p> <p>If set to 0, the parameter is disabled.</p>			
\$D_SURF	3	0.5	10
<p>The depth (meters) at which Seaglider begins its approach to the surface.</p> <p>In order to collect data all the way to the surface, at \$D_SURF Seaglider computes how many more data samples to take, based on the observed vehicle vertical speed, depth, and the data sample interval. The number of additional points is limited to 50.</p> <p>Seaglider then goes into passive guidance and control (G&C) mode and collects that number of data points at the appropriate sample interval for the depth range.</p> <p>When complete, Seaglider enters the surface phase.</p> <p>NOTE: This approach occasionally results in the last few data samples being taken when the conductivity sensor is actually in air, giving unrealistic conductivity values. These samples can be removed in shore-side processing.</p>			
\$D_TGT	30	1	990
<p>The nominal depth (meters) at which Seaglider begins the apogee phase, the transition from the negatively buoyant, pitch down dive to positively buoyant, pitch up climb.</p> <p>This parameter is used in conjunction with \$T_DIVE to determine the target vertical velocity for the dive and climb.</p> <p>The actual depth of the apogee maneuver starting point may be triggered by one of three means: \$D_TGT, reading a digital bathymetric map (\$D_GRID), or using the altimeter. If more than one depth trigger is in use, the apogee maneuver begins when the depth exceeds that of the shallowest depth returned by the activated trigger(s). In any case, the vertical velocity specified by the combination of \$D_TGT and \$T_DIVE is retained by appropriate scaling of \$T_DIVE.</p>			
<p> Caution: Do not exceed the specified maximum value. The glider continues its descent during apogee until enough oil has been pumped into the bladder to make it neutrally buoyant. The pumping process takes several minutes. Setting \$D_TGT to 990 allows the glider to descend several meters during the pumping activity without running the risk of exceeding the 1000m depth rating.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$DBDW	0	0	1000
<p>Overrides the hydro model calculated derivative of buoyancy with respect to w (vertical speed) used as a gain term in adjusting buoyancy to achieve the desired vertical speed. If the parameter is zero, then the on-board calculated value is used. Units are grams per m/s. Typical on-board calculated values are 2000-4000.</p>			
\$DEEPLIDER	0	0	1
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Indicates whether the glider is a standard Seaglider or a Deepglider. A zero indicates the glider is standard; 1 indicates the glider is a Deepglider.</p> <p>NOTE: All Seagliders produced by Kongsberg Underwater Technology Inc. are standard gliders with a maximum depth capability of 1000 m.</p>			
\$DEEPLIDERMB	0	0	1
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>A Boolean value that indicates whether the main board is intended for use in Deepglider.</p> <p>A zero indicates the motherboard is intended for a standard glider; 1 indicates the motherboard is intended for a Deepglider.</p> <p>NOTE: All Seagliders produced by Kongsberg Underwater Technology Inc. are standard gliders with a maximum depth capability of 1000 m.</p>			
\$DEVICE[1/2/3/4/5/6]		-1	1024
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Configuration flags specifying device type and port for each of the six possible attached science sensors.</p> <p>Empty device slots are indicated with a parameter value of -1.</p> <p>Non-negative integer entries indicate that a device is attached. The encoding is specific to the version of the Seaglider software. These entries are set through the Seaglider menu system at Kongsberg.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$DIVE	1	0	9999
<p>The number of the next dive.</p> <p>Note: The dive number is updated to this value immediately after the <i>cmdfile</i> is picked up by the glider. This means that the dive number for the just completed dive (data not yet transferred) will be updated to this new value.</p> <p>For example: The glider is underwater collecting data on dive number 7. At the completion of dive 7 the glider obtains a GPS position and initiates a call to the basestation. The glider picks up the <i>cmdfile</i> waiting for it on the basestation. In the <i>cmdfile</i> is the parameter \$DIVE,12. The glider immediately changes the number of the just completed dive from 7 to 12. The dive data is then downloaded with the processed file name pxxx0012.y not pxxx0007.y. At the completion of the data download, the glider obtains another GPS position and begins dive 13.</p> <p>After the <i>cmdfile</i> with this parameter has been picked up by the glider (glider has started the next dive), the parameter should be deleted from the <i>cmdfile</i> unless further manipulation of dive numbers is desired. If \$DIVE,12 is left in the <i>cmdfile</i>, at the next surfacing the data collected on dive 13 will be renamed to dive 12 and overwrite the previous dive 12 data.</p> <p>If \$DIVE is not listed in the <i>cmdfile</i>, the dive number will automatically increment by 1 at the start of a dive and the data from that dive will retain that dive number.</p>			
\$ES_PROFILE	3	0	3
<p>An Echo Sounder command that specifies when the sensor will record data: never, down-cast only, up-cast only or both down- and up-cast.</p> <p>0 = never 1 = down-cast only 2 = up-cast only 3 = down-cast and up-cast</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Echo Sounder.</p>			
\$ES_RECORDABOVE	1000	0	1000
<p>An Echo Sounder command that sets the depth (meters) to which the sensor will sample. A value of 0 turns the sensor off.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Echo Sounder.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$ES_RECORDAPOGEE</p> <p>An Echo Sounder command that specifies whether the sensor is sampled during apogee or turned off. If the value is set to 1, the Echo Sounder will sample through apogee. If the value is set to 0, the Echo Sounder will be turned off during apogee.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Echo Sounder.</p>	0	0	1
<p>\$ES_RECORDBELOW Will be available in 66.13</p> <p>An Echo Sounder command that sets the depth (meters) below which the sensor will sample. A value of 0 turns the sensor off.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Echo Sounder.</p>	10	0	1000
<p>\$ES_STARTS</p> <p>A diagnostic value output by the Echo Sounder, that keeps track of the number of times the sensor restarts during a mission. There should be two restarts per dive: one for the downcast and one for the upcast.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Echo Sounder.</p>			
<p>\$ES_UPLOADMAX</p> <p>This parameter is not used by the Echo Sounder. Data is not transferred from the sensor to the Basestation during the mission. Instead, the stored data is downloaded directly from the Echo Sounder CF card at the end of the mission.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Echo Sounder.</p>			
<p>\$ES_XMITPROFILE</p> <p>This parameter is not used by the Echo Sounder. Data is not transferred from the sensor to the Basestation during the mission. Instead, the stored data is downloaded directly from the Echo Sounder CF card at the end of the mission.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed Echo Sounder.</p>			
<p>\$ESCAPE_HEADING</p> <p>The base heading the Seaglider steers in an escape recovery situation when either no position fix is available or no escape target was supplied in the <i>targets</i> file.</p>	0	0	360

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$ESCAPE_HEADING_DELTA</p> <p>An offset, determined by the pilot, that is added or subtracted from \$ESCAPE_HEADING to achieve the actual heading steered by Seaglider in an escape recovery situation.</p> <p>The \$ESCAPE_HEADING_DELTA sign will switch (and thus the heading will toggle) when the bottom depth (as detected by altimetry or \$T_NO_W) shallows by 5% relative to the depth at the last toggle.</p>	10	0	360
<p>\$FERRY_MAX</p> <p>Maximum correction (degrees) to apply to the rhumb line to the active (next) waypoint when \$NAV_MODE = 2.</p> <p>This is a safety limit to prevent spurious depth-averaged current calculations from providing Seaglider a heading in the wrong direction.</p>	45	0	90
<p>\$FG_AHR_10V</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Does not apply to Rev B mainboards which are installed in all Kongsberg Seagliders.</p>	0		
<p>\$FG_AHR_24V</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Does not apply to Rev B mainboards which are installed in all Kongsberg Seagliders.</p>	0		
<p>\$FILEMGR</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>An integer parameter for on-board file system management.</p> <p>0 = No file management 1 = Only store compressed files 2 = Delete splits on failed phone call</p>	0	0	2
<p>\$FIX_MISSING_TIMEOUT</p> <p>Time in days to tolerate a lack of any valid navigation fix (GPS, RAFOS, Iridium geolocation) before triggering recovery.</p> <p>0 disables this feature.</p>	0	0	365
<p>\$GLIDE_SLOPE</p> <p>The absolute value of the maximum glide slope (degrees) that may be commanded.</p> <p>The glide slope is calculated on-board Seaglider to best achieve the goals of the next dive.</p> <p>The stall angle provides the lower limit; this parameter is the upper limit.</p>	30	10	90

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$GPS_DEVICE	32	0	1023
<i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i>			
A configuration value specifying the model of the attached GPS device.			
A GPS device must be defined; a value of -1 is not permitted.			
These devices have dedicated hardware ports on all motherboard revisions and as such a port specification is not necessary.			
\$HD_A	0.003836	0.001	0.007
The hydrodynamic parameter representing the lift coefficient determined empirically and used in Seaglider's on-board performance prediction and guidance calculations.			
\$HD_B	0.010078	0.004	0.02
The hydrodynamic parameter representing the drag coefficient determined empirically and used in Seaglider's on-board performance prediction and guidance calculations.			
\$HD_C	9.85E-06	1.0E-06	3.0E-05
The hydrodynamic parameter representing the induced drag coefficient determined empirically and used in Seaglider's on-board performance prediction and guidance calculations			
\$HEAD_ERRBAND	10	0	180
Deadband for heading (degrees). This value is used to determine if a correction to heading is required during an active guidance and control (G&C) mode. If the absolute value of the difference between the actual heading and the desired heading is less than or equal to \$HEAD_ERRBAND , no heading correction is made. If the difference is greater than \$HEAD_ERRBAND , a turn is performed until the desired heading is passed, or until the amount of time \$T_TURN has elapsed.			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$HEADING	-1	-1	360
<p>A floating point value between -1.0 and 360.0 (true degrees, 0.0 and 360.0 are equivalent values) used in conjunction with the \$NAV_MODE parameter to determine the course steered by the Seaglider.</p> <p>If \$NAV_MODE is 0, 1, or 2 and the value of \$HEADING is between 0.0 and 360.0, the glider will use this value to synthesize a waypoint 20 km distant on the specified bearing from the current location.</p> <p>If \$NAV_MODE is 3, \$HEADING is added to the depth-averaged current calculated for the previous dive, to generate a current corrected heading for the present dive that is the specified amount to the right of the current.</p> <p>Note 1: If \$HEADING = -1, the Seaglider will navigate using the <i>targets</i> file. If \$HEADING does not equal -1 and a <i>targets</i> file is present, the value in \$HEADING will take precedence.</p> <p>Note 2: If the user switches navigation method from heading to targets, the glider will fly toward the first waypoint in the <i>targets</i> file. The glider can be directed to fly toward a different waypoint in the <i>targets</i> file using the <i>pdoscmds.bat</i> file discussed in the Extended PicoDOS Reference Manual.</p>			
\$HEAPDBG	0	0	1
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>A Boolean value set during fabrication that toggles extended heap debugging. When set to 1, the glider maintained heap is checked for integrity before each memory allocation and free operation. 0 disables this checking.</p> <p>NOTE: Due to extensive output, it is not recommended that this parameter be used in conjunction with a DEBUG level output on the SGLMALLOC service during field operations.</p>			
\$ICE_FREEZE_MARGIN	.3	-2	2
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg manufactured Seagliders.</p> <p>Temperature margin (°C) to apply to the freezing point calculation, weighted by the ice condition for surfacing decisions. For in situ freezing point T_f and temperature T, the glider will only surface if:</p> $T > T_f + (\$ICE_FREEZE_MARGIN)(ic - 1)$ <p>Where: ic is the ice condition defined by the ice map and parameter \$USE_ICE.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$ID		0	999
<i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i>			
Seaglider identification (serial) number. Leading zeroes are not required.			
This identification number is used in many ways, including creating Seaglider's login on the basestation, in file naming conventions and as a serial number for manufacturing purposes.			
\$INT_PRESSURE_SLOPE	0.0097656		
<i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i>			
The slope calibration of the internal pressure sensor (psia per A/D count).			
There is a linear slope for the output voltage of the internal pressure sensor. At zero vacuum and zero pressurization the output voltage of the sensor is expected to be 0 mV. When pulling the vacuum, the output voltage increases by (1 mV/0.0097656 psi). To create uniformity between all gliders, the initial pressure reflected with zero vacuum should be 14.5 psi. To accomplish this, the gliders must use \$INT_PRESSURE_SLOPE,0.0097656. The y-intercept should also be set such that the <i>Initial reading + \$INT_PRESSURE_YINT = 14.5</i> . To accomplish this, subtract the initial reading from 14.5, set \$INT_PRESSURE_YINT to this value and then pull the vacuum of the glider to 9.5 psi.			
The sensor has an operation range of 0 to 30 psia, with a 90 mV output at full-scale, at 12 VDC. The output is proportional to the supply. The Seaglider excitation is 4.096 V and the gain is 100; therefore: Output voltage @ 30 psia = 90 mV (4.096 Vs / 12 VDC) with gain of 100 = 30.72 mV or 0.0097656 psi/mV = 0.0097656 psi/AD counts with gain of 100.			
\$INT_PRESSURE_YINT	0	-5	5
<i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i>			
The y-intercept of the linear calibration of the internal pressure sensor.			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$KALMAN_USE	2	0	2
<p>The control parameter for the run state of the Kalman filter navigation program.</p> <p>The \$NAV_MODE parameter controls whether the Kalman filter output heading is used to control Seaglider. Only \$NAV_MODE,1 uses the Kalman filter output.</p> <p>This separation of functions allows the Kalman filter to be run, but not used, while it “learns” the currents. Bits 0 and 1 together indicate the command mode of the filter and control its operation as described below.</p> <p>0 = Reset the Kalman state vector and origin of local Kalman coordinate system to 0 and restart the filter.</p> <p>1 = Run the Kalman filter</p> <p>2 = Do not run the Kalman filter</p> <p>Examples</p> <p>If \$KALMAN_USE is 0 or 1, and \$NAV_MODE is 1, the \$KALMAN_USE filter results are used to determine the Seaglider heading.</p> <p>If \$KALMAN_USE is 2 and \$NAV_MODE is 1, Seaglider will choose the heading directly to the target it is attempting to achieve and fly on that heading without attempting to make any corrections for currents.</p>			
\$KERMIT	0		
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>The Kermit file transfer method is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value	
\$LOGGERS	1	0	15	
<p>A bit mask to define which Autonomous Logger Interface (ALI) devices to enable or disable.</p> <p>When \$LOGGERS is set to 0, no ALI devices run during self tests, simulation dives or regular dives.</p> <p>When \$LOGGERS > 0, the installed ALI sensors are turned on according to the following bitmask. An X means the ALI sensor is running.</p>				
\$LOGGER, value	Sensor 1	Sensor 2	Sensor 3	Sensor 4
0				
1	X			
2		X		
3	X	X		
4			X	
5	X		X	
6		X	X	
7	X	X	X	
8				X
9	X			X
10		X		X
11	X	X		X
12			X	X
13	X		X	X
14		X	X	X
15	X	X	X	X
\$LOGGERDEVICE[1/2/3/4/5/6]	-1	-1	1024	
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Configuration flags specifying the logger device on each port. Empty device slots are indicated with a parameter value of -1. Non-negative integer entries indicate that a device is attached. The encoding is specific to the version of the Seaglider software. These entries are set through the Seaglider menu system at Kongsberg.</p>				
\$MASS	52000	50000	56000	
<p>The mass of Seaglider in grams. This value is glider specific and can be found on the trim sheet (Weight Sheet tab, location H1). It is used in on-board buoyancy and current estimation calculations.</p>				
\$MASS_COMP	0	0	80000	
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders.</p>				

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$MAX_BUOY	150	0	600
The absolute value of the maximum negative buoyancy (cc) that Seaglider is allowed to develop during the dive phase. There is no restriction on positive buoyancy during the climb phase.			
\$MAXI_10V	2.0	0	10
The maximum allowable observed current draw in amperes from the 10 volt battery pack before the glider will stop diving and go into recovery.			
\$MAXI_24V	3.0	0	10
The maximum allowable observed current draw in amperes from the 24 volt battery pack before the glider will stop diving and go into recovery.			
\$MINV_10V	10/24 V: 8.5		
The minimum allowable observed voltage on the secondary battery pack. At this voltage the glider will stop diving and go into recovery. A zero disables the check.			
 Caution: Reducing this number could result in the loss of a Seaglider.			
\$MINV_24V	10/24 V: 19		
The minimum allowable observed voltage on the main battery pack. At this voltage the glider will stop diving and go into recovery. A zero disables the check.			
 Caution: Reducing this number could result in the loss of a Seaglider.			
\$MISSION	0	0	999
The current Seaglider mission number. This value is intended to be unique for each deployment of a particular Seaglider and is reported back in data files to distinguish data from each mission.			
\$MOTHERBOARD	4		
<i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i>			
An integer value indicating the motherboard revision carried by Seaglider.			
\$N_DIVES	0	0	999
The number of dives to complete before entering recovery state. A value of zero (default) means dive until stopped by the pilot command (\$QUIT) or some other recovery condition.			

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$N_FILEKB</p> <p>An integer value representing the size (kilobytes) and type (gzip compressed or uncompressed) of file used for data uploading.</p> <p>Positive values direct Seaglider to gzip compress the data file, then split it into \$N_FILEKB-sized pieces.</p> <p>Negative values disable the gzip compression. The binary data file is split into \$N_FILEKB-sized pieces before transmission.</p> <p>A value of 0 means no splitting or compression is performed.</p>	4	-16	16
<p>\$N_GPS</p> <p>The GPS termination criteria, encoded as <i>eeennff</i>, which, in addition to requiring horizontal dilution of precision (HDOP) to be less than 2.0, specifies the maximum estimated horizontal position error (HPE) permitted (<i>eee</i>, in meters), the minimum number of satellites required (<i>nn</i>) and the maximum number of valid fixes to acquire (<i>ff</i>). If either <i>eee</i> or <i>nn</i> are zero, the corresponding criteria is ignored; if both are zero the GPS code terminates acquisition upon the first fix with HDOP <= 2.0 and after no more than <i>ff</i> fixes. Thus, the default value, 100840, requires a fix with HDOP <= 2.0 and an HPE of less than 10 meters acquired from at least 8 satellites but waiting no more than 40 valid fixes.</p> <p>A negative value is treated as a specification of <i>ff</i> only (HPE and number of satellites criteria are ignored) and, when syncing time from GPS, forces a wait for that many valid fixes, independent of HDOP, HPE or number of satellites. A value of zero for all fields indicates that the NMEA data from the GPS should be copied to the glider's fix register at every update, regardless of the validity of the fix. Acquisition will cease on receipt of any valid fix with HDOD <= 2.0 or on timeout (\$T_GPS). This might be useful when debugging lack of fix information to see if any of the NMEA fields are updating.</p>	100840	0	
<p>\$N_NOCOMM</p> <p>The number of dives that are allowed to occur without a complete and successful data communication session before actions are taken to improve communications, enter recovery state, or navigate to a rescue position according to the value of \$NOCOMM_ACTION.</p> <p>The default (and traditional) behavior with a value for \$NOCOMM_ACTION of 0 is for the surface buoyancy parameter \$SM_CC to be set to the maximum allowed by the software limit of \$VBD_MIN. This is a safety provision in the event \$SM_CC is not sufficient to fully expose the antenna above the surface.</p>	1	0	10

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Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$N_NOSURFACE	0	-20	20
<p>An integer value that determines when the Seaglider will finish at dive depth \$D_FINISH (subsurface dives) and when it will finish at the actual surface. When \$N_NOSURFACE is greater than 1, the glider will finish the profile at depth \$D_FINISH when the remainder of \$DIVE/\$N_NOSURFACE = 0 and at the surface for non-zero remainders. For example, if \$DIVE = 8 and \$N_NOSURFACE = 4, the glider will complete the dive at \$D_FINISH. If \$DIVE = 5, 6 or 7 and \$N_NOSURFACE = 4 the glider will complete the dive at the surface.</p> <p>When \$N_NOSURFACE is less than -1, the logic is reversed. The Seaglider will finish the profile at the surface when the remainder of \$DIVE / \$N_NOSURFACE = 0 and at \$D_FINISH when the remainder is non-zero.</p> <p>NOTE: \$D_FINISH must be greater than or equal to \$D_SURF for Seaglider to complete a subsurface finish. If \$D_FINISH < \$D_SURF, the Seaglider will always surface.</p> <p>NOTE: \$N_NOSURFACE values of 1 and -1 are invalid. A value of 0 disables this behavior.</p> <p>NOTE: The glider only acquires a GPS fix and calls the basestation at the surface. Subsurface dive data is transmitted the next time the dive surfaces.</p> <p>Due to the infrequent GPS updates, current correction should not be turned on for dives using N_NOSURFACE. This can be accomplished by:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Setting \$NAV_MODE,0 and \$HEADING to desired value greater than -1 or 2) Setting \$NAV_MODE,1; \$KALMAN_USE,2; \$HEADING,-1 and flying to a waypoint using the <i>targets</i> file <p> Caution: If \$N_NOSURFACE > 1 is used in conjunction with \$CALL_NDIVES > 1, care must be taken to ensure that Iridium calls made by the glider coincide with at least some of the Seaglider's surface finishes. Otherwise, the glider will not be heard from until it reaches \$N_DIVES, \$STOP_T or it goes into recovery state due to low battery (\$MINV_10V or \$MINV_24V).</p>			
\$NAV_MODE	2	0	3
<p>An integer specifying the method used to generate the heading for the next dive. The methods are defined by the following values:</p> <p>0 = Steer constant heading using either waypoint (<i>targets</i> file) or heading (\$HEADING) navigation. Seaglider will synthesize a waypoint 20 km away in the desired direction and steer to that waypoint. No current correction is done. The glider ignores \$KALMAN_USE data when using \$NAV_MODE,0.</p> <p>1 = Use Kalman filter: Seaglider uses past current information</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
gathered by the Kalman filter to correct the flight path for the next dive. Seaglider can use either waypoint (<i>targets</i> file) or heading (\$HEADING) navigation with this mode. \$KALMAN_USE must be set to 1. If the user wishes to fly a constant heading with no current correction while using \$NAV_MODE,1 , this can be accomplished by setting \$KALMAN_USE,2 . See \$KALMAN_USE for more information on Kalman filter options. 2 = Ferry angle correction with respect to calculated depth-averaged current: Seaglider adds the ferry angle correction it calculated on-board to the \$HEADING or waypoint (<i>targets</i> file) value to obtain the corrected bearing to target. To prevent spurious depth-averaged current calculations from giving Seaglider a heading in the wrong direction, the maximum value for the ferry angle correction is governed by \$FERRY_MAX . In addition, \$SPEED_FACTOR is applied to the target speed. Corrections for the horizontal speed through the water are calculated iteratively, to optimize the rate of travel toward the waypoint. The code uses a nonlinear solver to find the ferry angle for each iteration. Each iteration starts with predicted speed = to the maximum glider speed. If the predicted distance over ground (DOG) with the set correction is less than the range to target (typical case) the computation is complete. If not, the predicted speed is set to the minimum glider speed. The speed is accepted if the DOG is greater than the range to the target. If neither limit applies, we iterate via bisection to settle on the best speed. At convergence, Seaglider has a ferry angle to steer and a horizontal speed to apply. The predicted horizontal speed is used for the glide slope setting. The glider ignores \$KALMAN_USE data when using \$NAV_MODE,2 . 3 = Steer relative to the depth-averaged current The Seaglider steers \$HEADING direction with respect to the previous dive's depth averaged current (DAC). calculated heading = DAC direction + bearing from \$HEADING . <i>targets</i> file and \$KALMAN_USE data are not used in this mode.			
\$NOCOMM_ACTION	259	0	511
A bitmask parameter to control the behavior after \$N_NOCOMM dives have finished without successful communication with the basestation. The parameter is a logical OR of the bits described below: Bit 0: pump to max behavior: 0 = Pump to maximum vehicle buoyancy (defined by \$VBD_MIN) after \$N_NOCOMM dives.			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>1 = Pump to maximum vehicle buoyancy after 1 dive with no communication. This setting allows the value of \$N_NOCOMM to be greater than 1 while still getting the typical behavior of pumping to maximum buoyancy after a single dive with failed communications</p> <p>The remaining behaviors defined by \$NOCOMM_ACTION only take effect when \$N_NOCOMM dives occur without communication.</p> <p>Bit 1: recovery:</p> <p>0 = Use behavior defined by other \$NOCOMM_ACTION bits.</p> <p>1 = Seaglider enters recovery state after \$N_NOCOMM dives without communications. This bit takes precedence over any values in bits 2-4.</p> <p>Bit 2, EPIRB mode:</p> <p>0 = Do not use EPIRB mode.</p> <p>1 = Seaglider will loiter at the surface in low power sleep mode for \$T_EPRIB seconds immediately before GPS2 acquisition. This feature is intended to enable visual, acoustic, or ARGOS based recovery while still keeping the Seaglider diving and navigating. This bit can be used independently or in conjunction with bits 3 and 4.</p> <p>Bit 3, escape:</p> <p>0 = Seaglider continues to navigate as before.</p> <p>1 = Seaglider navigates to the escape target defined in the <i>targets</i> file. If no escape target is present, Seaglider navigates by heading according to the \$ESCAPE_HEADING parameter.</p> <p>Bit 4, moor at position</p> <p>0 = Do not moor at position.</p> <p>1 = Set the current GPS position as the current waypoint. Seaglider will try to virtually moor at this position.</p> <p>Bit 5, clear flow control</p> <p>0 = Do not clear flow control.</p> <p>1 = Clear the flow control bits on \$PHONE_DEVICE.NOTE: For units where flow control is not supported by the hardware, the flow control option is ignored.</p> <p>Bit 6, increase \$T_RSLEEP</p> <p>0 = Maintain current \$T_RSLEEP.</p> <p>1 = Increase \$T_RSLEEP by a factor of 30.</p> <p>Bit 7, send SMS</p> <p>0 = Do not send SMS.</p> <p>1 = Send SMS containing the GPS status line to the sms_email address configured in NVRAM. The message is identical to the GPS</p>			

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value										
status line that is emitted to the comm.log on the basestation. SMS is not available on all Seagliders.													
Bit 8, try \$ALTNUM if \$STELNUM unsuccessful													
0 = if phone call to \$STELNUM unsuccessful after \$CALL_TRIES start next dive and at next surfacing call \$ALTNUM													
1 = if phone call to \$STELNUM unsuccessful after \$CALL_TRIES, switch to \$ALTNUM and attempt \$CALL_TRIES number of calls. If \$ALTNUM calls are unsuccessful, start next dive. At next surfacing call \$STELNUM. Example: If \$N_NOCOMM,10 and \$NOCOMM_ACTION,21, the glider will reset \$SM_CC to maximum buoyancy any time one dive passes with no communications. If 10 dives pass with no communications, the glider will try to stay at its current position, and loiter at the surface in low power sleep \$T_EPRIB seconds between station keeping dives.													
\$P_OVSHOOT	0.04	-0.1	0.1										
The distance (cm) that the pitch mass is allowed to overshoot its target after the pitch motor is turned off.													
\$P_OVSHOOT_WITHG	0.08	0	0.2										
The distance (cm) by which the pitch mass overshoots its target in the direction of gravity after the pitch motor is turned off.													
\$PA_GAIN	3	0	3										
A PAM command specifying the pre-amplifier gain to use. Valid values are:													
<table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="text-align: left;">Gain setting</th> <th style="text-align: left;">dB of gain</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">6</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">2</td> <td style="text-align: center;">12</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">3</td> <td style="text-align: center;">18</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Gain setting	dB of gain	0	0	1	6	2	12	3	18			
Gain setting	dB of gain												
0	0												
1	6												
2	12												
3	18												
Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed PAM.													
\$PA_PROFILE	3	0	3										
A PAM command that specifies when the passive acoustics sensor will record data: never, downcast only, upcast only or both down- and upcast.													
0 = never													
1 = downcast only													
2 = upcast only													
3 = downcast and upcast													
Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed PAM.													

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$PA_RECORDABOVE</p> <p>A PAM command that sets the depth (meters) to which the passive acoustics sensor will sample. A value of 0 turns the sensor off.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed PAM.</p>	1000	0	1000
<p>\$PA_RECORDBELOW Will be available in 66.13</p> <p>A PAM command that sets the depth (meters) below which the passive acoustics sensor will sample. A value of 0 turns the sensor off.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed PAM.</p>	10	0	1000
<p>\$PA_UPLOADMAX</p> <p>A PAM command that specifies the number of bytes of passive acoustic data file that should be transferred from Seaglider to shore over the satcomms link – i.e. the size of the ‘snippet’. Use this parameter to keep file transfer times reasonable, thus limiting how long Seaglider remains on the surface uploading data.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed PAM.</p> <p>Note: The PAM software limits this value to 10240 bytes.</p>	10000	0	10240
<p>\$PA_XMITPROFILE</p> <p>A PAM command that specifies which passive acoustic data snippets are transmitted to the basestation: none, downcast only, upcast only or both down- and upcast.</p> <p>0 = none 1 = downcast only 2 = upcast only 3 = downcast and upcast</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed PAM.</p> <p>Note: Since transferring an entire acoustic data file is impractical, Seaglider will send a ‘snippet’ of data to assist in validating that the PAM hardware and software are operating correctly and recording valid data. The data is taken from the first acoustic data file for the ascent or descent (the acoustic data file with sequence number 1). For additional information refer to the section ‘File Naming on WISPR Board’. At the start of a mission you may want to enable snippets briefly to ensure that audio collection is working. After receiving a snippet or two you can then turn snippets off by setting \$PA_XMITPROFILE,0.</p>	3	0	3

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$PC_INTERVAL</p> <p>A pumped CTD command that specifies the sampling interval in seconds.</p> <p>1-4 second sampling intervals:</p> <p>The CTD is in Continuous Sampling Mode. The pump and all sampling circuitry remain on continuously. Power consumption for any of these sampling intervals is the same. However, memory usage decreases with increasing sampling interval.</p> <p>5-14 second sampling intervals:</p> <p>The CTD is in Fast Sampling Mode. The pump runs continuously and measurements are made at the chosen interval.</p> <p>15-3600 second sampling intervals:</p> <p>The CTD is in Slow Interval Sampling Mode. In this mode, CTD samples are taken but DO samples are not. The pump runs for 11.3 seconds prior to a measurement and an additional 2.1 seconds during the measurement. In-between sampling intervals, the pump is off and the CTD is in low power state.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed GPCTD.</p>	5	1	3600
<p>\$PC_MINCONDFREQ</p> <p>Minimum conductivity frequency detected to cause the GPCTD pump to run. To turn the GPCTD pump on the value of this parameter should be 500 Hz greater than the frequency response of the sensor in fresh water. This value is listed in the OEM sensor calibration sheet.</p> <p>To disable the GPCTD pump, for example during in air testing, this parameter should be set to 10000.</p> <p>Note: The GPCTD pump should never be operated in air. Doing so will cause damage to, and possibly failure of, the pump.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed GPCTD.</p>	3000	500	10000
<p>\$PC_PROFILE</p> <p>A GPCTD command that specifies when the CTD will record data: never, downcast only, upcast only or both down- and upcast.</p> <p>0 = never 1 = downcast only 2 = upcast only 3 = downcast and upcast</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed GPCTD.</p>	3	0	3

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$PC_RECORDABOVE</p> <p>A GPCTD command that sets the depth (meters) to which the sensor will sample. A value of 0 turns the sensor off.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed GPCTD.</p>	1000	0	1000
<p>\$PC_RECORDAPOGEE</p> <p>A GPCTD command that specifies whether the sensor should be sampled during apogee or turned off. If the value is set to 1, the GPCTD will sample through apogee. If the value is set to 0, the GPCTD will be turned off during apogee.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed GPCTD.</p>	1	0	1
<p>\$PC_RECORDBELOW Will be available in 66.13</p> <p>A GPCTD command that sets the depth (meters) below which the sensor will sample. A value of 0 turns the sensor off.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed GPCTD.</p>	10	0	1000
<p>\$PC_STARTS</p> <p>A diagnostic value output by the GPCTD, that keeps track of the number of times the sensor restarts during a mission. There should be two restarts per dive: one for the downcast and one for the upcast.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed GPCTD.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$PC_UPLOADMAX</p> <p>Specifies the size limit for uploaded GPCTD files. It is applied when the glider requests a file from the GPCTD via the .cnf file <i>xmodem=</i> or <i>download=</i> commands. The parameter value is sent to the logger via the '%m' command string substitution operator. The Seaglider does not process this value itself, it is strictly for use by the logger. Limiting the file size this way can be used to reduce the size of data files transferred from the GPCTD to the Seaglider compact flash, and from Seaglider compact flash to shore over an Iridium link. The procedure for using this parameter is:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Write a data transfer program from the logger that has a command-line option for maximum file size. 2. Add an 'xmodem=' or 'download=' command string to the logger's .cnf file that invokes the logger's data transfer program and include the '%m' substitution operator. 3. Add the \$PC_UPLOADMAX parameter to the cmdfile in the glider's home directory on the basestation and specify the desired maximum file size. <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed GPCTD.</p>			
<p>\$PC_XMITPROFILE</p> <p>A GPCTD command that specifies which data profiles are transmitted to the basestation: none, downcast only, upcast only or both down- and upcast.</p> <p>0 = none 1 = downcast only 2 = upcast only 3 = downcast and upcast</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed GPCTD.</p>	1	0	3
<p>\$PHONE_DEVICE</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>A configuration value specifying the model of the phone. These devices have dedicated hardware ports on all motherboard revisions and, as such, a port specification is not necessary.</p>	48	0	1023

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$PHONE_SUPPLY	2	1	2
<i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i>			
A parameter that references the source of power to the Iridium phone.			
In the 24V/10V system, this option is intended to load balance the energy consumption between the two battery packs. 1 means that the phone is powered by the 10V battery. 2 means the phone is powered by the 24V battery.			
In the shared bus 15V system the user can select a value of either 1 or 2 .			
A positive value means that model value of current is used to compute power consumption.			
A negative value means that current draw of the phone is measured directly.			
\$PITCH_AD_RATE	175	0	200
<i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i>			
The pitch rate (A/D counts/second) used as the threshold for retries when pitching.			
If the observed rate is less than this number, the pitch motor is stopped and restarted. The glider continues to monitor speed and execute retries if the speed dips below the set value until the timeout is reached; then an error is declared.			
\$PITCH_ADJ_DBAND	1	0	40
This parameter (degrees), along with \$PITCH_ADJ_GAIN , enables and adjusts active (closed-loop) control of Seaglider pitch during dive and climb.			
Seaglider automatically seeks to maintain the pitch angle by moving the pitch mass whenever			
Pitch Observed – Pitch Desired > \$PITCH_ADJ_DBAND .			
NOTE: A value of 0 disables automatic pitch adjustment.			

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$PITCH_ADJ_GAIN</p> <p>This parameter (cm/degree), with \$PITCH_ADJ_DBAND, enables and adjusts active (closed-loop) control of Seaglider pitch during a dive and climb. The amount of the adjustment is given by:</p> <p>(Pitch Desired - Pitch Observed)* \$PITCH_ADJ_GAIN</p> <p>Adjustments are calculated at the beginning of the active guidance and control (G&C) phase, based on the pitch observed over the same samples for which observed vertical speed is calculated. Adjustments are not made during the first two active G&C phases following the start of a dive or climb.</p> <p>A value of zero disables automatic pitch adjustment.</p> <p>If the glider is driven into pitch oscillation by adjustments during a dive, reduce \$PITCH_ADJ_GAIN until the system becomes stable. If the glider is not achieving the desired pitch during the dive, adjust \$PITCH_ADJ_GAIN upward until the system becomes stable at the desired value over course of dive.</p>	0.03	0	0.1
<p>\$PITCH_CNV</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>The pitch position conversion factor, from A/D counts to centimeters (cm/AD count).</p> <p>This is a constant determined by the pitch of the worm gear that drives the pitch motion, and is set at the factory.</p> <p>Note: For the curious, neither iRobot nor Kongsberg have built any gliders with the 'Old Version Mass Shifter'.</p>	0.003125763	Old Version Mass Shifter: 0.0046	
<p>\$PITCH_DBAND</p> <p>The pitch position deadband (cm). Fine pitch adjustments are not commanded within the deadband.</p>	0.01	0	1
<p>\$PITCH_GAIN</p> <p>The vehicle pitch (degrees) corresponding to a 1 cm movement of the pitch mass.</p>	30	5	40
<p>\$PITCH_MAX</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Aft pitch software limit (A/D counts).</p> <p>NOTE: Value determined by the physical parameters of the system. Obtain this value from the vehicle's trim sheet (cal tab).</p>	4000		
<p>\$PITCH_MAXERRORS</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>The number of pitch motor errors allowed before Seaglider goes into recovery state. An error occurs when the \$PITCH_TIMEOUT expires prior to achieving the commanded pitch A/D position.</p>	1	0	100

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
 Caution: An error of pitch could result in the loss of a Seaglider.			
\$PITCH_MIN <i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i> Forward pitch software limit (A/D counts). This is also the pitch used for surface maneuvers (fully forward for maximum pitch down). NOTE: Value determined by the physical parameters of the system. Obtain this value from the vehicle's trim sheet (cal tab).	100		
\$PITCH_TIMEOUT <i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i> Pitch mass timeout (seconds). If the mass shifter does not achieve the desired pitch position before \$PITCH_TIMEOUT seconds, a pitch error occurs.	18	5	20
\$PITCH_VBD_SHIFT Parameterization of the pitch compensation (cm/cm ³) required to balance the mass of hydraulic oil moving forward and aft with the VBD driven changes in buoyancy as an equivalent mass shifter displacement. During each guidance and control (G&C) maneuver, pitch control (cm) is computed as the sum of the pitch desired (in degrees, see the third field in \$MHEAD_RNG_PITCHd_Wd in the .log file) divided by pitch gain (\$PITCH_CNV) plus the VBD control (cc) times \$PITCH_VBD_SHIFT (cm/cc). Use this parameter to fine tune pitch on well-trimmed vehicles exhibiting asymmetric dives. Start by reducing the nominal parameter value (0.00123) by 50%. If needed, continue to reduce the parameter value by 50% increments until the dive is symmetrical or the minimum value of 0.00005 is reached. It is used on ogive fairing gliders more often than on standard fairing gliders.	0.00123	0	0.1
\$PITCH_W_DBAND Deadband for pitch adjustments used to control vertical speed of the Seaglider with units of cm/s. If the observed vertical speed is outside the deadband, but not beyond \$W_ADJ_DBAND , the glider will adjust pitch according to \$PITCH_W_GAIN to try to maintain speed. This parameter is only valid when \$PITCH_W_GAIN is also non-zero. A value of 0 means this parameter is not used. Note: This is a closed loop control and should only be used after the glider has been trimmed.	0	0	40

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$PITCH_W_GAIN</p> <p>Gain on pitch adjustments used for vertical speed control with units of cm/ m/s. If the observed vertical speed is outside \$PITCH_W_DBAND then this parameter controls the adjustment made to pitch control to maintain the desired glider speed. If this parameter is negative, adjustments will be made to both slow and speed the glider. If positive, adjustments will only be made if the glider is moving too slowly. This parameter is only used during climbs. This parameter cannot be used at the same time as \$PITCH_ADJ_GAIN.</p> <p>A value of 0 means parameter is not used.</p> <p>Note: This is a closed loop control and should only be used after the glider has been trimmed.</p>	0	-20	20
<p>\$PRESSURE_SLOPE</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Slope of linear fit between psig and pressure sensor output (after digitization to A/D counts through AD7714).</p> <p>The fit is calculated from calibration data received with each pressure sensor, and converted to A/D counts via the known configuration of the AD7714 and associated circuitry.</p> <p>This number is a constant for each pressure sensor and associated calibration.</p>		0.0	1
<p>\$PRESSURE_YINT</p> <p>Y-intercept of linear fit between psig and pressure sensor output (after digitization to A/D counts through AD7714).</p> <p>This is the value that is adjusted in the field at launch to correct the pressure sensor relative to atmospheric pressure at 0 m depth.</p>		-100	50
<p>\$PROTOCOL</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>This feature is only available on Kongsberg gliders with flow control. For gliders without flow control this parameter value must be set to zero (0).</p> <p>A bit mask to define which file transfer protocol to use. Bits 0-2 define data protocol; bits 3-5 define control protocol. Bit 0 = xmodem, Bit 1 = raw, Bit 2 = kermit, Bit 3 = kermit batch (data only) and Bit 6 = encrypt upload.</p>	No flow control: 0		Flow control: 9

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$R_PORT_OVSHOOT	25	-100	100
<p>Roll mass overshoot (A/D counts) to port after roll motor is turned off. Overshoots are assumed to be positive, past the desired position. The sign of the \$R_PORT_OVSHOOT parameter indicates how the code handles the overshoots. It does not indicate direction of overshoot.</p> <p>Positive values allow the Seaglider operating software to automatically compute the roll overshoots and apply them after each roll maneuver.</p> <p>Negative values allow the pilot to specify a static overshoot value to be applied uniformly to each roll maneuver.</p> <p>In the case where Seaglider is computing and applying the roll overshoots, the value reported in the log file is the last overshoot value computed during a dive.</p>			
\$R_STBD_OVSHOOT	25	-100	100
<p>Roll mass overshoot (A/D counts) to starboard after motor is turned off. This follows the same method as \$R_PORT_OVSHOOT.</p>			
\$RAFOS_CORR_THRESH	0		
<p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders.</p> <p>Correlation threshold to use when selecting RAFOS hits for navigation solutions.</p>			
\$RAFOS_DEVICE	-1		
<p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders.</p> <p>Configuration parameter specifying the model of the attached RAFOS device. These devices have dedicated hardware ports on all motherboard revisions and, as such, a port specification is not necessary. -1 specifies that the RAFOS device is not installed.</p>			
\$RAFOS_HIT_WINDOW	0		
<p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders.</p> <p>Size of the search window, in seconds, to use when clustering hits for navigation solutions.</p>			
\$RAFOS_PEAK_OFFSET	0		
<p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders.</p> <p>Offset, in seconds, of actual arrival time from the receiver reported arrival index due to receiver firmware artifacts.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$RELAUNCH	0	0	1
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>A Boolean value, the \$RELAUNCH parameter controls the behavior of the Seaglider when a reboot condition occurs.</p> <p>When \$RELAUNCH is 0 the Seaglider automatically enters recovery state in the event of a crash to TOM8 or other watchdog timer reset.</p> <p>When \$RELAUNCH is 1, the Seaglider automatically resumes diving in the event of a crash to TOM8 or other watchdog timer reset.</p> <p>Internally the Seaglider ‘ORs’ the Boolean value with a 2 during a commanded reboot and a 4 to indicate the glider is in recovery. If the internal indication for recovery is true, then the glider will enter into recovery on reboot, regardless of the original value of the \$RELAUNCH parameter.</p> <p>The internal indicator for commanded reboot is cleared after reboot is complete, at selftest and at launch and returns to the value specified in \$RELAUNCH.</p> <p>The internal indicator for recovery is cleared upon exiting recovery, at selftest and at launch and returns to the value in \$RELAUNCH.</p> <p> Caution: Do not change default value of 0. Loss of Seaglider can result if this parameter is changed.</p>			
\$RHO	1.026	1	1.04
<p>The water density (g/cm³) for converting buoyancy force in grams to seawater displacement in cm³.</p> <p>This parameter is also used in the on-board performance prediction computations.</p> <p>Set this value to match the predicted bottom water density of the Seaglider operating environment.</p>			
\$ROLL_AD_RATE	350	100	450
<p>The roll rate (A/D counts per second) used as the threshold for roll retries. If the observed rate is less than \$ROLL_AD_RATE, the roll motor is stopped and restarted (retry). If the roll rate continues to be below threshold, Seaglider will continue retries until it times out and an error is declared.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$ROLL_ADJ_DBAND	0	0	1000
<p>\$ROLL_ADJ_DBAND (degrees/second), used in conjunction with \$ROLL_ADJ_GAIN, controls the automatic adjustment of the roll centers based on observed turn rate.</p> <p>At the end of a complete passive phase, a full guidance and control (G&C) interval, Seaglider adjusts the appropriate dive or climb roll center based on the turn rate over the last half of the passive phase if:</p> <p>$\text{turn rate} > \\$\text{ROLL_ADJ_DBAND}$.</p> <p>A value of zero disables automatic adjustment of the roll centers.</p> <p>Note: This is a closed loop control and should only be used after the glider has been trimmed.</p>			
\$ROLL_CNV	0.028270001	0	0.1
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Roll position conversion factor, from A/ D counts to degrees. This is a constant determined by the configuration of the roll gear train, motor, and potentiometer.</p>			
\$ROLL_DEG	40	0	60
<p>The number of degrees to roll the mass shifter during a turn. The roll software limits, found on the trim sheet (cal tab) provide the effective roll maximums.</p>			
\$ROLL_MAX	4000		
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Starboard roll software limit (A/D counts). The glider operating software prevents the mass shifter from rolling past this limit. \$ROLL_MAX value is determined by the physical parameters of the system. This value can be found on the vehicle's trim sheet (cal tab).</p>			
\$ROLL_MAXERRORS	1	1	100
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>The number of roll motor errors allowed before Seaglider goes into recovery state. An error occurs when \$ROLL_TIMEOUT expires prior to achieving the commanded roll A/D position.</p>			
\$ROLL_MIN	100		
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Port roll software limit (A/D counts). The glider operating software prevents the mass shifter from rolling past this limit. \$ROLL_MIN value is determined by the physical parameters of the system. This value is found on the vehicle's trim sheet (cal tab).</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$ROLL_TIMEOUT</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Roll maneuver timeout (seconds). If the mass shifter does not achieve the desired roll position before \$ROLL_TIMEOUT seconds, a roll error occurs.</p>	15	5	20
<p>\$RS_PROFILE</p> <p>A RSI Micro-T command that specifies when the micro-turbulence sensor will record data: never, downcast only, upcast only or both down- and upcast.</p> <p>0 = never 1 = downcast only 2 = upcast only 3 = downcast and upcast</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed RS Micro-T.</p>	3	0	3
<p>\$RS_RECORDABOVE</p> <p>A Micro-T command that sets the depth (meters) to which the micro-turbulence sensor will sample. A value of 0 turns the sensor off.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed RSI Micro-T.</p>	1000	0	1000
<p>\$RS_RECORDAPOGEE</p> <p>A RS Micro-T command that specifies whether the micro-turbulence sensor should be sampled during apogee or turned off. If the value is set to 1, the sensor will sample through apogee. If the value is set to 0, the sensor will be turned off during apogee.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed RS Micro-T.</p>	1	0	1
<p>\$RS_RECORDBELOW <i>Will be available in 66.13</i></p> <p>A Micro-T command that sets the depth (meters) below which the micro-turbulence sensor will sample. A value of 0 turns the sensor off.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed RSI Micro-T.</p>	10	0	1000
<p>\$RS_STARTS</p> <p>A diagnostic value output by the RS Micro-T, that keeps track of the number of times the sensor restarts during a mission. There should be two restarts per dive: one for the downcast and one for the upcast.</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed RS Micro-T.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$RS_UPLOADMAX</p> <p>Specifies the size limit for uploaded RS Micro-T files. It is applied when the glider requests a file from the RS MICRO-T via the .cnf file <i>xmodem=</i> or <i>download=</i> commands. The parameter value is sent to the logger via the ‘%m’ command string substitution operator. The Seaglider does not process this value itself, it is strictly for use by the logger. Limiting the file size this way can be used to reduce the size of data files transferred from the RS Micro-T to the Seaglider compact flash, and from Seaglider compact flash to shore over an Iridium link. The procedure for using this parameter is:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 4. Write a data transfer program from the logger that has a command-line option for maximum file size. 5. Add an ‘xmodem=’ or ‘download=’ command string to the logger’s .cnf file that invokes the logger’s data transfer program and include the ‘%m’ substitution operator. 6. Add the \$PC_UPLOADMAX parameter to the cmdfile in the glider’s home directory on the basestation and specify the desired maximum file size. <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed RS Micro-T.</p>			
<p>\$RS_XMITPROFILE</p> <p>A RS Micro-T command that specifies which micro-turbulence data profiles are transmitted to the basestation: none, downcast only, upcast only or both down- and upcast.</p> <p>0 = none 1 = downcast only 2 = upcast only 3 = downcast and upcast</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed RS Micro-T.</p>	3	0	3
<p>\$SC_PROFILE</p> <p>A Science Controller (SciCon) command that specifies when the SciCon will record data: never, downcast only, upcast only or both down- and upcast.</p> <p>0 = never 1 = downcast only 2 = upcast only 3 = downcast and upcast</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed SciCon.</p>	3	0	3

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$SC_XMITPROFILE</p> <p>A Science Controller (SciCon) command that specifies which SciCon data profiles are transmitted to the basestation: none, downcast only, upcast only or both down- and upcast.</p> <p>0 = none 1 = downcast only 2 = upcast only 3 = downcast and upcast</p> <p>Note: This parameter is only present in the log files of gliders with an installed SciCon.</p>	3	0	3
<p>\$SEABIRD_[C_G/ C_H/ C_I/ C_J/ T_G/ T_H/ T_I/ T_J]</p> <p>Sea-Bird Electronics provides calibration coefficients for their free flow conductivity and temperature sensor (CT Sail) installed on Seaglider. These values are used to compute calibrated temperature and salinity for hardware tests and in situ density for self-trimming applications. They are also used for subsurface finish maneuvers in which Seaglider attempts to become neutral at a fixed depth below the surface.</p> <p>The parameters are installed at the factory, based on CT sensor calibration data and should only be changed if the sensor is re-calibrated by Sea-Bird Electronics.</p>			
<p>\$SIM_PITCH</p> <p>Simulated Seaglider desired pitch angle (degrees) during a simulated run. A value of 0 disables this feature.</p> <p>For simulated dives, a \$SIM_PITCH value of -20 is often used. This parameter is automatically zeroed during the Sea Launch procedure.</p>	-20	-90	0
<p>\$SIM_W</p> <p>Simulated Seaglider vertical velocity (m/s) desired for deck dives.</p> <p>For simulated dives a value of 0.1 is often used.</p> <p>A value of 0 disables this feature.</p> <p>This parameter is automatically zeroed during the Sea Launch procedure.</p>	0.1	0	1
<p>\$SM_CC</p> <p>The specified minimum buoyancy position of the VBD (cm³) that Seaglider attains at the surface.</p> <p>If Seaglider enters the surface maneuver with less buoyancy than \$SM_CC, it pumps to this value. If Seaglider enters the surface maneuver with more than \$SM_CC, it does not change the VBD and continues to the next part of the surface maneuver.</p>	650	150	800

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$SPEED_FACTOR	1	0.1	1
<p>A factor to compensate for Seaglider’s inability to maintain the desired horizontal velocity during a profile. It is a measure of efficiency of Seaglider progress along a specified track.</p> <p>Factors that lower the efficiency of Seaglider include: turns, leaving the surface at arbitrary headings, and reduced horizontal speed during the apogee maneuver. Over long dives the effects of these factors are minimal and \$SPEED_FACTOR approaches zero. For short dives, however, the effects of these factors are substantial and so the \$SPEED_FACTOR is typically 0.8 which implies that the glider will only make 0.8 of the distance Kalman desires. \$SPEED_LIMITS are multiplied by this factor and \$KALMAN_CONTROL components are divided by it.</p>			
\$STOP_T		0	
<p>Date and time after which the glider will stop diving and enter recovery. The stop time is only checked upon surfacing. The glider will not stop in the middle of a dive if this time is reached. The time must be specified in the form mmddyhh where:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> mm = month dd = day yy = the last two digits of the year hh = hour in UTC <p>A value of zero turns this check off.</p>			
\$STROBE	0	0	2
<p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders. The Kongsberg strobe is a standalone option.</p> <p>Controls the blinking LED function available on Seagliders with Rev. C motherboards.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 disables all blinking 1 turns on strobe when Seaglider in recovery 2 turns on strobe whenever Seaglider is at the surface 			
\$SURFACE_URGENCY	0	0	5000
<p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders.</p> <p>Active on under ice Seagliders only, this parameter controls the number of dives to accumulate before trying extra surfacings.</p>			
\$SURFACE_URGENCY_FORCE	0	0	5000
<p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders.</p> <p>Active on under ice Seagliders only, this parameter is the dive number modulo for forced surfacing attempts.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$SURFACE_URGENCY_TRY	0	0	5000
<p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders.</p> <p>Active on under ice Seagliders only, this parameter is the dive number modulo for extra surfacing attempts.</p>			
\$T_ABORT	720	60	4320
<p>The maximum time (minutes) to elapse on a profile before the Seaglider enters recovery state. This is a safety feature used to bring the glider back to the surface in the event that too much time has passed.</p>			
\$T_BOOST	0	0	20
<p>Time (seconds) to run the boost pump when the glider is deeper than \$D_BOOST meters.</p> <p>\$T_BOOST must = 0 (not active) for Kongsberg Standard boost pump systems and iRobot Standard Buoyancy Engine (SBE) systems.</p> <p>If \$T_BOOST = 0 for Kongsberg High Pressure (HP) boost pump systems and iRobot Enhanced Buoyancy Engine (EBE) systems, then the boost pump will run continuously.</p> <p>If \$T_BOOST is > 0 for Kongsberg High Pressure (HP) boost pump systems and iRobot Enhanced Buoyancy Engine (EBE) systems, the boost pump runs by itself for the first 2 seconds. Then, both pumps (main and boost) run simultaneously for the remainder of \$T_BOOST seconds. At the end of \$T_BOOST seconds, the boost pump turns off while the main pump continues to run.</p> <p>NOTE: If \$T_BOOST is active, Kongsberg recommends a minimum \$T_BOOST value of 3 seconds. This allows a 1 second operational overlap of the main and boost pumps.</p>			
\$T_DIVE	10	5	2820
<p>The time (minutes) for Seaglider to make one dive-climb cycle to the depth \$D_TGT and back to the surface.</p> <p>This value does not include the time for pumping during the apogee phase.</p> <p>The value is used to calculate the desired vertical velocity (w_d) in a particular dive using the naive calculation:</p> $w_d \text{ (cm/s)} = 2 * \$D_TGT * 100 / (\$T_DIVE * 60).$ <p>\$MAX_BUOY is applied in conjunction with w_d, the range to the target and the Seaglider hydrodynamic model to calculate the Seaglider's desired pitch angle on any given dive.</p>			
\$T_EPIRB	0	0	14400
<p>The time (seconds) to loiter on the surface when \$N_NOCOMM is exceeded and bit 2 (EPIRB mode) of \$NOCOMM_ACTION is set.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$T_GPS</p> <p>The maximum allowed time (minutes) to obtain a GPS position (GPS timeout).</p> <p>\$T_GPS is typically set longer than 12.5 minutes, in order to ensure that the GPS receiver has time to receive a complete set of almanac entries in the event that a new almanac is required.</p>	15	1	30
<p>\$T_GPS_ALMANAC</p> <p>Time to wait (minutes) for GPS almanac acquisition.</p> <p>The wait happens the next time the GPS is turned on. After the wait, the parameter resets to zero and the regular GPS operation (presumably a fix) will proceed.</p> <p>If the parameter is greater than zero, the almanac sentences are checked every minute. The wait halts when the time has expired or at least ten satellites have recent almanac sentences.</p> <p>If the parameter is negative, the wait only halts after the time has expired.</p> <p>A negative value also forces a complete NVRAM reset before the wait starts.</p>	0	-15	15
<p>\$T_GPS_CHARGE</p> <p>The time to wait (seconds) before trickle-charging the GPS receiver (for Garmin GPS25 engines only).</p> <p>Negative values mean the GPS25 does not need charging.</p> <p>The GPS units now installed in Seagliders run on a button battery so there is no need to charge the system.</p>	-0.0033		
<p>\$T_LOITER</p> <p>The time (seconds) to loiter after going neutral at apogee and before pitching up and becoming positively buoyant for the climb.</p> <p>While in the loiter state Seaglider will attempt to maintain zero vertical velocity. It will pump, but never bleed to do this.</p> <p>Seaglider does not servo on depth in this state. All other timeouts and depths are honored in this state. \$T_MISSION and \$T_ABORT need to be adjusted manually to account for the total dive duration of \$T_DIVE + \$T_LOITER.</p> <p>G&C and sampling intervals during the loiter state are controlled by the appropriate depth bins in the <i>science</i> file.</p>	0	0	86400

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$T_MISSION</p> <p>The maximum mission time (minutes) allowed.</p> <p>If time \$T_MISSION/2 elapses during a dive, the Seaglider transitions from dive phase to apogee phase and then to the climb phase.</p> <p>If \$T_MISSION is reached before the Seaglider reaches depth, \$D_SURF, Seaglider immediately enters the surface phase.</p> <p>\$T_MISSION time includes the dive, apogee, and climb phases.</p>	15	10	4320
<p>\$T_NO_W</p> <p>The time (seconds) for Seaglider to wait with no significantly non-zero vertical velocity (less than 1 cm/s, as measured by dP/dt) before proceeding to the next phase of a dive.</p> <p>This is primarily used to move from the dive phase to the climb phase (initiate an apogee maneuver) when Seaglider unexpectedly encounters the bottom.</p> <p>NOTE: This protection is only in place at depths below \$D_NO_BLEED.</p>	120	30	86400
<p>\$T_RSLEEP</p> <p>The sleep time interval (minutes) during the recovery phase.</p> <p>During the recovery phase, Seaglider gets a GPS fix, calls the basestation up to \$CALL_TRIES times to upload the GPS fix, then goes into low power sleep for \$T_RSLEEP minutes.</p> <p>The surface evolution has about 2 minutes of “overhead,” so that Seaglider calls are actually (\$T_RSLEEP + 2) minutes apart.</p>	3	0	14400
<p>\$T_TURN</p> <p>The maximum amount of time (seconds) allowed for the vehicle to complete a turn during the active G&C mode.</p> <p>If this timeout is reached before the desired heading is reached, Seaglider rolls back to neutral and continues until the next G&C maneuver.</p>	500	10	720
<p>\$T_TURN_SAMPINT</p> <p>The sample interval (seconds) for pitch, roll and VDB measurements when the vehicle is turning during active and passive G&C. This should be short enough so that Seaglider cannot pass entirely through the heading deadband without sampling.</p> <p>If the parameter is positive, the sampled data are used by the vehicle to determine how much of the turn has been completed and then discarded.</p> <p>If the parameter is negative, the sampled data are used to determine how much of the turn has been completed and then saved as a line of output in the data file.</p>	5	-60	60

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$T_WATCHDOG</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>The watchdog timer (minutes).</p> <p>This is an information only parameter so the Seaglider software knows the watchdog timer value.</p> <p>The watchdog timer is set with DIP-switches on the main board. If the watchdog timer expires, the main processor is reset, and Seaglider goes into recovery. This is a fail-safe against unexpected software or hardware failures.</p>	10	0	60
<p>\$TCM_PITCH_OFFSET</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Static offset in pitch axis (degrees) between the compass output and the actual Seaglider body, as measured during fabrication.</p>	0	-10	10
<p>\$TCM_ROLL_OFFSET</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Static offset in roll axis (degrees) between the compass output and the actual Seaglider body, as measured during fabrication.</p>	0	-10	10
<p>\$TEL_NUM</p> <p>The primary telephone number Seaglider dials to connect to the basestation, 13 digits maximum.</p> <p>The phone number starts with the international country code, without leading zeros (for example, 1 for the US), then city/area code and number. There are no spaces or other interrupting characters between the country code, city/area code, or number.</p> <p>This parameter is an output from the Seaglider and can be found in each dive's .pvt file.</p> <p>If a communication session using \$TEL_NUM does not successfully connect (after \$CALL_TRIES tries), the phone number switches to the alternate number (\$ALT_TEL_NUM), if available, for the next surfacing.</p> <p>If a communication session completes successfully on the alternate phone number, the phone number is switched back to the primary for the next surfacing.</p> <p>NOTE: This parameter is not adjustable from the <i>cmdfile</i>. The number is edited using the <i>pdocmds.bat</i> file, or through direct connection to Seaglider using the menus.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$TGT_AUTO_DEFAULT</p> <p>A Boolean parameter.</p> <p>\$TGT_AUTO_DEFAULT,1 automatically updates the default target in NVRAM.</p> <p>\$TGT_AUTO_DEFAULT,0 does not update the default target in NVRAM.</p>	0	0	1
<p>\$TGT_DEFAULT_LAT</p> <p>The latitudinal component of the default waypoint target when the <i>targets</i> file cannot be read. It is a floating point value (degrees decimal minutes) between -9000.000 and 9000.000.</p> <p>For example, latitude 47 degrees 43.456 minutes is 4743.456.</p> <p>Latitudes in the northern hemisphere use positive values, while latitudes in the southern hemisphere use negative values.</p>	4212	-9000.00	9000.00
<p>\$TGT_DEFAULT_LON</p> <p>The longitudinal component of the default waypoint target when the <i>targets</i> file cannot be read. It is a floating point value (degrees decimal minutes) between -18000.000 and 18000.000.</p> <p>For example, longitude -122 degrees 23.456 minutes is -12223.456.</p> <p>Longitudes in the eastern hemisphere use positive values, while longitudes in the western hemisphere use negative values.</p>	-7043	-18000.00	18000.00
<p>\$UNCOM_BLEED</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>The uncommanded change in A/D counts of VBD bleed triggers the following actions in an attempt to save Seaglider:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Stop whatever motor is running (the assumption is that electrical noise from one of the motors causes the Skinner valve to open) and disable it. 2. Close the Skinner valve. 3. Enter the recovery state (go to the surface and call home). 	60	0	400
<p>\$UPLOAD_DIVES_MAX</p> <p>The maximum number of dives to upload at one surfacing. A value of -1 means upload all available dives that have not been previously uploaded.</p>	-1	-1	9999

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$USE_BATHY	0	-50	50
<p>This parameter defines the use of the bathymetry maps.</p> <p>If \$USE_BATHY is 0, the feature is disabled and Seaglider either dives to \$D_TGT or uses the on-board altimeter to command a depth-based apogee maneuver.</p> <p>If \$USE_BATHY is -4, the software searches for an on-board bathymap.nnn that includes the current position of Seaglider.</p> <p>This is the standard usage in operating areas covered by more than one map.</p> <p>If \$USE_BATHY is a positive integer, the software searches for that particular on-board bathymap. If the map is present, the glider will use it to determine \$D_GRID.</p> <p>If \$USE_BATHY does not equal 0 but there is no map available for the present location of the glider, the glider will use the depth value in \$D_OFFGRID. If bathymaps and/or the altimeter are used in conjunction with \$D_TGT, the glider will begin the apogee maneuver based on the shallowest of the bottom depth values provided.</p>			
\$USE_ICE	0	-50	50
<p>This feature is not available on Kongsberg Seagliders.</p> <p>This parameter has the same functionality as \$USE_BATHY but is used for ice maps.</p>			
\$VBD_BLEED_AD_RATE	8	0	20
<p>The bleed rate (A/D counts per second) threshold for retries when bleeding.</p> <p>If the observed rate is less than this number, the bleed is stopped and restarted.</p>			
\$VBD_CNV	-0.245296	-1	0
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>VBD position conversion factor from A/D counts to cm³.</p> <p>This is a constant determined by the geometry of the internal hydraulic fluid reservoir and the potentiometers. The sign is negative to mean that higher A/D counts reflect more oil in the internal reservoir, hence, less oil in the external bladder, a lower Seaglider displacement, and thus lower Seaglider buoyancy.</p>			
\$VBD_DBAND	2	0	10
<p>VBD deadband (cm³).</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
<p>\$VBD_LP_IGNORE</p> <p>Provides capability to instruct the glider to ignore readings on one of the VBD linear potentiometers (linpot) when computing VBD position and continue flying.</p> <p>0 = average values from both linpots 1 = ignore value from linpot A 2 = ignore value from linpot B</p> <p>Note: Use with caution. Ignoring a problem with the VBD can lead to loss of the glider.</p>	0	0	2
<p>VBD_MAX</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Variable Buoyancy Device (VBD) position software limit (A/D counts) when the internal reservoir is almost full (external bladder fully bled/minimum Seaglider buoyancy).</p> <p>The Seaglider operating software closes the VBD main bleed valve (Skinner valve) when this value is reached.</p> <p>NOTE: Value determined by physical parameters of the system. Obtain the value from the vehicle's trim sheet (cal tab).</p>	4000		
<p>\$VBD_MAXERRORS</p> <p>Number of VBD errors permitted before the Seaglider enters recovery state.</p> <p>This is an attempt to keep Seaglider at the surface (prevent another dive) when it reports a VBD error.</p> <p> Caution: Loss of VBD function can result in the loss of a Seaglider.</p>	1	0	5
<p>\$VBD_MIN</p> <p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>Variable Buoyancy Device (VBD) software limit (A/D counts) when the internal reservoir is almost empty (external bladder fully pumped).</p> <p>The Seaglider operating software stops the VBD pump when this value is reached.</p> <p>NOTE: Value determined by physical parameters of the system. Obtain the value from the vehicle trim sheet (cal tab).</p>	500		

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$VBD_PUMP_AD_RATE_APOGEE	4	1	6
<i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i>			
The pump rate (A/D counts per second) threshold for pumping at apogee.			
If the observed rate is less than this number, the pump is stopped and restarted.			
The glider continues to monitor speed and retry if speed dips below the threshold value until the timeout limit is reached, then an error is declared.			
\$VBD_PUMP_AD_RATE_SURFACE	5	1	8
<i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i>			
The pump rate (A/D counts per second) threshold for pumping at the surface.			
If the observed rate is less than this number, the pump is stopped and restarted.			
The glider continues to monitor speed and retry if speed dips below the threshold value until the timeout limit is reached, then an error is declared.			
\$VBD_TIMEOUT	720	180	900
The time (seconds) allowed for any commanded change in VBD position.			
If the VBD does not achieve the desired position before \$VBD_TIMEOUT seconds, a VBD error occurs.			

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$W_ADJ_DBAND	0	0	40
<p>Seaglider adjusts its buoyancy to maintain a desired vertical velocity (w) in the presence of strong density changes. In particular, if the observed w is too low, the glider may attempt to bleed on dives (subject to \$D_NO_BLEED and \$MAX_BUOY) or pump on climbs. However, in the presence of strong internal waves, the glider may appear to slow transiently because of upwelling on the dive or downwelling on the climb, triggering unneeded buoyancy adjustments. Unnecessary buoyancy adjustments can also occur after the apogee VBD pump from neutral to positive buoyancy when the glider’s vertical velocity is still accelerating from near 0 to the desired value but is seen in snapshot data grabs by the glider as being too slow. This parameter limits active control on VBD changes during a dive and climb. The Seaglider will automatically seek to maintain the desired vertical velocity by changing the VBD when:</p> $ W_{observed} < W_{desired} - \W_ADJ_DBAND <p>\$W_ADJ_DBAND has units of cm/s, should be positive, and correspond to the typical RMS variance of observed w found in VBD regressions. A value of 0 ignores internal wave effects (assumes still water).</p> <p>NOTE: If W_ADJ_DBAND is negative, it will force higher w on climbs (since w is limited by MAX_BUOY on dives) but this will cause an expensive extra pump at depth immediately after apogee. If that is what is desired, consider changing C_VBD instead.</p> <p>Note: This is a closed loop control and should only be used after the glider has been trimmed.</p>			
\$XPDR_DEVICE	24	-1	1023
<p><i>Set by manufacturer. Do not change.</i></p> <p>A configuration value specifying the model of the attached device. These devices have dedicated hardware ports on all motherboard revisions and, as such, a port specification is not necessary.</p>			
\$XPDR_INHIBIT	90	0	99 (9.9 seconds)
<p>A configuration value specifying the transponder inhibit time in deciseconds.</p> <p>The inhibit time is the time after a transponder reply during which the transponder will not reply to subsequent interrogation.</p> <p>Shorter times mean the transponder can be interrogated more rapidly.</p>			

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Table 4.1 Parameters in alphabetical order

Parameter	Nominal Value	Min Value	Max Value
\$XPDR_PINGS	0	0	No limit
<p>This is an output from the glider, representing the number of times the glider's transducer responded to an external stimulus at the interrogate frequency during a dive. The interrogate and respond frequencies can be found on the vehicle's trim sheet (cal tab).</p> <p>During missions, this value should be zero.</p> <p>While an occasional ping is acceptable, frequent pings are not as they consume battery power.</p> <p>If excessive pings are seen in \$XPDR_PINGS, tune the transponder using \$XPDR_INHIBIT and \$XPDR_VALID.</p>			
\$XPDR_VALID	2	0	6
<p>A configuration value specifying the transponder interrogation validation sensitivity in units of 0.5 ms.</p> <p>Valid values are from 0 (no validation) to 6 (3 ms).</p> <p>The validation value is the total time over a 10 ms window following initial triggering that the detector circuit must remain triggered. Longer validation times reduce spurious interrogation replies, but could result in decreased range.</p>			

5. PARAMETERS BY CATEGORY

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Table 5.1 Parameters listed by category

Class	Category	Parameter
Factory Set	 Caution: Use caution when changing these parameters.	<p> <i>\$AD7714Ch0Gain,value</i> <i>\$AH0_10V,AmpHours</i> <i>\$AH0_24V,AmpHours</i> <i>\$COMPASS_DEVICE,integer</i> <i>\$COMPASS2_DEVICE,integer</i> <i>\$DEEPGLIDER,boolean</i> <i>\$DEEPGLIDERMB,boolean</i> <i>\$DEVICE[1/2/3/4/5/6],integer</i> <i>\$FILEMGR,integer</i> <i>\$GPS_DEVICE,integer</i> <i>\$HEAPDBG,boolean</i> <i>\$ID,integer</i> <i>\$INT_PRESSURE_SLOPE,calibration value</i> <i>\$INT_PRESSURE_YINT,value</i> <i>\$LOGGERDEVICE1,integer</i> <i>\$LOGGERDEVICE2,integer</i> <i>\$LOGGERDEVICE3,integer</i> <i>\$LOGGERDEVICE4,integer</i> <i>\$MINV_10V,voltage</i> <i>\$MINV_24V,voltage</i> <i>\$MOTHERBOARD,boolean</i> <i>\$PHONE_DEVICE,integer</i> <i>\$PITCH_AD_RATE,AD counts</i> <i>\$PITCH_CNV,cm/AD counts</i> <i>\$PITCH_MAX,AD counts</i> <i>\$PITCH_MIN,AD counts</i> <i>\$PRESSURE_SLOPE,calibration value</i> <i>\$PRESSURE_YINT,value</i> <i>\$ROLL_AD_RATE,integer</i> <i>\$ROLL_CNV,degree,AD counts</i> <i>\$ROLL_MAX,AD counts</i> <i>\$ROLL_MIN,AD counts</i> <i>\$T_WATCHDOG,minutes</i> <i>\$TCM_PITCH_OFFSET,degrees</i> <i>\$TCM_ROLL_OFFSET,degrees</i> <i>\$VBD_CNV,cc/AD counts</i> <i>\$VBD_MAX,AD counts</i> <i>\$VBD_MIN,AD counts</i> <i>\$XPDR_DEVICE,integer</i> </p>

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Table 5.1 Parameters listed by category

Class	Category	Parameter	
Not Used By Kongsberg		\$FG_AHR_10V,amp-hr	
		\$FG_AHR_24V,amp-hr	
		\$ICE_FREEZE_MARGIN,degrees	
		\$KERMIT,integer	
		\$MASS_COMP,integer	
		\$RAFOS_CORR_THRESH,value	
		\$RAFOS_DEVICE,integer	
		\$RAFOS_HIT_WINDOW,seconds	
		\$RAFOS_PEAK_OFFSET,seconds	
		\$STROBE,boolean	
		\$SURFACE_URGENCY,integer	
		\$SURFACE_URGENCY_FORCE,integer	
		\$SURFACE_URGENCY_TRY,integer	
	\$USE_ICE,integer		
Piloting	Altimeter / Transponder	\$ALTIM_BOTTOM_PING_RANGE,0/off or meters	
		\$ALTIM_BOTTOM_TURN_MARGIN,0/off or meters	
		\$ALTIM_FREQUENCY,kHz	
		\$ALTIM_PING_DELTA,0/off or meters	
		\$ALTIM_PING_DEPTH,0/off or meters	
		\$ALTIM_PULSE,milliseconds	
		\$ALTIM_SENSITIVITY,integer	
		\$ALTIM_TOP_MIN_OBSTACLE,0/off or meters	
		\$ALTIM_TOP_PING_RANGE,0/off or meters	
		\$ALTIM_TOP_TURN_MARGIN,0/off or meters	
		\$D_OFFGRID,meters	
		\$USE_BATHY,integer	
		\$XPDR_VALID,integer	
	\$XPDR_INHIBIT,1/10 seconds		
		Buoyancy Limits	\$MAX_BUOY,cc
			\$SM_CC,cc
		Communications and File Management	\$CALL_NDIVES,integer
			\$CALL_TRIES,integer
			\$CALL_WAIT,seconds
			\$CAPMAXSIZE,bytes
		\$CAPUPLOAD,boolean	
		\$COMM_SEQ,integer	
		\$D_CALL,integer	
		\$N_FILEKB,integer	
		\$PROTOCOL,integer	
		\$T_RSLEEP,minutes	
		\$UPLOAD_DIVES_MAX,integer	

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Table 5.1 Parameters listed by category

Class	Category	Parameter
	Dive Profile	\$D_TGT, meters \$T_DIVE, minutes
	Dynamic flight feedback system	\$DBDW, gm / m/s \$PITCH_ADJ_GAIN, 0/off or cm/deg \$PITCH_ADJ_DBAND, 0/off or degrees \$PITCH_W_DBAND, cm/s \$PITCH_W_GAIN, cm / m/s \$ROLL_ADJ_GAIN, 0/off or deg/seconds \$ROLL_ADJ_DBAND, 0/off or degrees \$W_ADJ_DBAND, integer
	Flight Behavior and Improvement	\$APOGEE_PITCH, degrees \$C_PITCH, AD counts \$C_ROLL_CLIMB, AD counts \$C_ROLL_DIVE, AD counts \$C_VBD, AD counts \$D_BOOST, meters \$D_FINISH, meters \$D_FLARE, meters \$D_PITCH, meters \$D_SURF, meters \$GLIDE_SLOPE, degrees \$N_NOSURFACE, integer \$P_OVSHOOT, degrees \$PITCH_DBAND, cm/AD counts \$PITCH_GAIN, degrees/cm \$PITCH_VBD_SHIFT, value \$ROLL_DEG, degrees \$SPEED_FACTOR, value \$T_BOOST, seconds \$T_LOITER, seconds \$VBD_DBAND, cc
	G&C Turn Length and Sampling Rate	\$T_TURN, seconds \$T_TURN_SAMPINT, seconds

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Table 5.1 Parameters listed by category

Class	Category	Parameter
	Navigation	<p>\$COMPASS_USE, <i>value</i></p> <p>\$COURSE_BIAS, <i>degrees</i></p> <p>\$FERRY_MAX, <i>degrees</i></p> <p>\$FIX_MISSING_TIMEOUT, <i>integer</i></p> <p>\$HEADING, <i>-1 or degrees</i></p> <p>\$HEAD_ERRBAND, <i>degrees</i></p> <p>\$KALMAN_USE, <i>integer</i></p> <p>\$N_GPS, <i>seconds</i></p> <p>\$NAV_MODE, <i>integer</i></p> <p>\$T_GPS, <i>minutes</i></p> <p>\$T_GPS_ALMANAC, <i>integer</i></p> <p>\$TGT_AUTO_DEFAULT, <i>boolean</i></p> <p>\$TGT_DEFAULT_LAT, <i>degrees decimal minutes</i></p> <p>\$TGT_DEFAULT_LON, <i>degrees decimal minutes</i></p>

Safety



Caution: Use caution when changing these parameters

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Table 5.1 Parameters listed by category

Class	Category	Parameter
		\$CF8_MAXERRORS, <i>integer</i>
		\$D_ABORT, <i>meters</i>
		\$D_NO_BLEED, <i>meters</i>
		\$D_SAFE, <i>meters</i>
		\$ESCAPE_HEADING, <i>degrees</i>
		\$ESCAPE_HEADING_DELTA, <i>degrees</i>
		\$MAXI_10V, <i>amps</i>
		\$MAXI_24V, <i>amps</i>
		\$N_DIVES, <i>integer</i>
		\$N_NOCOMM, <i>integer</i>
		\$NOCOMM_ACTION, <i>integer</i>
		\$PITCH_MAXERRORS, <i>integer</i>
		\$PITCH_TIMEOUT, <i>seconds</i>
		\$RELAUNCH, <i>integer</i>
		\$ROLL_MAXERRORS, <i>integer</i>
		\$ROLL_TIMEOUT, <i>seconds</i>
		\$STOP_T, <i>mmddyhh</i>
		\$T_ABORT, <i>minutes</i>
		\$T_EPIRB, <i>seconds</i>
		\$T_MISSION, <i>minutes</i>
		\$T_NO_W, <i>seconds</i>
		\$VBD_LP_IGNORE, <i>integer</i>
		\$VBD_MAXERRORS, <i>integer</i>
		\$VBD_BLEED_AD_RATE, <i>integer</i>
		\$VBD_PUMP_AD_RATE_APOGEE, <i>integer</i>
		\$VBD_PUMP_AD_RATE_SURFACE, <i>integer</i>
		\$VBD_TIMEOUT, <i>seconds</i>
		\$XPDR_INHIBIT, <i>integer</i>
		\$XPDR_VALID, <i>integer</i>

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Seaglider
Hydrodynamics



Caution: Use caution when changing these parameters. Always save a copy of the old values and update the new ones in the cmdfile and sg_calib_constants.m.

Flight and Model	<i>\$HD_A,value</i> <i>\$HD_B,value</i> <i>\$HD_C,value</i> <i>\$MASS,grams</i> <i>\$RHO,gm/cc</i>
Seaglider modified	<i>\$DIVE,integer</i> <i>\$MISSION,integer</i> <i>\$T_GPS_ALMANAC,minutes</i> <i>\$T_GPS_CHARGE,seconds</i> <i>\$R_PORT_OVSHOOT,AD counts</i> <i>\$R_STBD_OVSHOOT,AD counts</i>
Sensors (Loggers)	These parameters are only visible when the respective logger is installed in the Seaglider

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Nortek AD2CP Current Profiler	<i>\$CP_PROFILE,integer</i> <i>\$CP_RECORDABOVE,meters</i> <i>\$CP_RECORDAPOGEE,integer</i> <i>\$CP_RECORDBELOW,meters</i> <i>\$CP_STARTS,integer</i> <i>\$CP_UPLOADMAX,bytes</i> <i>\$CP_XMITPROFILE,integer</i>
Imagenix Echo Sounder	<i>\$ES_PROFILE,integer</i> <i>\$ES_RECORDABOVE,meters</i> <i>\$ES_RECORDAPOGEE,integer</i> <i>\$ES_RECORDBELOW,meters</i> <i>\$ES_STARTS,integer</i> <i>\$ES_UPLOADMAX,bytes</i> <i>\$ES_XMITPROFILE,integer</i>
Passive Acoustic Monitoring (PAM)	<i>\$PA_GAIN,integer</i> <i>\$PA_PROFILE,integer</i> <i>\$PA_RECORDABOVE,meters</i> <i>\$PA_RECORDBELOW,meters</i> <i>\$PA_UPLOADMAX,bytes</i> <i>\$PA_XMITPROFILE,integer</i>
GPCTD (Glider Payload Conductivity, Temperature, and Depth) parameters	<i>\$PC_INTERVAL,seconds</i> <i>\$PC_MINCONDFREQ,integer</i> <i>\$PC_PROFILE,integer</i> <i>\$PC_RECORDABOVE,meters</i> <i>\$PC_RECORD_APOGEE,integer</i> <i>\$PC_RECORDBELOW,meters</i> <i>\$PC_RECORDCONTINUOUS,integer</i> <i>\$PC_STARTS,integer</i> <i>\$PC_UPLOADMAX,bytes</i> <i>\$PC_XMITPROFILE,integer</i>
Rockland Scientific Micro-Turbulence	<i>\$RS_PROFILE,integer</i> <i>\$RS_RECORDABOVE,meters</i> <i>\$RS_RECORDAPOGEE,integer</i> <i>\$RS_RECORDBELOW,meters</i>

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

		<i>\$RS_STARTS,integer</i>
		<i>\$RS_UPLOADMAX,bytes</i>
		<i>\$RS_XMITPROFILE,integer</i>
	Science Controller (SciCon)	<i>\$SC_PROFILE,integer</i>
		<i>\$SC_XMITPROFILE,integer</i>
Sensors (Serial)	CT Sail Coefficients (coefficient values located on OEM calibration sheets)	<i>\$SEABIRD_T_G,calibration value</i>
		<i>\$SEABIRD_T_H,calibration value</i>
		<i>\$SEABIRD_T_I,calibration value</i>
		<i>\$SEABIRD_T_J,calibration value</i>
		<i>\$SEABIRD_C_G,calibration value</i>
		<i>\$SEABIRD_C_H,calibration value</i>
		<i>\$SEABIRD_C_I,calibration value</i>
		<i>\$SEABIRD_C_J,calibration value</i>
Simulated Dives		<i>\$SIM_W,off/0 or cm/seconds)</i>
		<i>\$SIM_PITCH,off/0 or degrees)</i>
Output From Glider		<i>\$CURRENT,m/s,degrees,Boolean</i>
		<i>\$FG_AHR_24Vo,amp-hr</i>
		<i>\$FG_AHR_10Vo,amp-hr</i>
		<i>\$HUMID,value</i>
		<i>\$INTERNAL_PRESSURE,value</i>
		<i>\$MEM,bytes</i>
		<i>\$TCM_TEMP,value</i>
		<i>\$10V_AH,voltage,amphr</i>
		<i>\$24V_AH,voltage,amp-hr</i>
		<i>\$XPDR_PINGS,integer</i>

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Table 5.2 Parameters listed by frequency of change

Class	Category	Parameter
Adjusted During a Mission		\$APOGEE_PITCH,degrees
		\$C_PITCH,AD counts
		\$C_ROLL_CLIMB,AD counts
		\$C_ROLL_DIVE,AD counts
		\$C_VBD,AD counts
		\$CALL_NDIVES,integer
		\$D_FINISH,meters
		\$D_TGT,meters
		\$HEADING,-1 or degrees
		\$MAX_BUOY,cc
		\$N_DIVES,integer
		\$N_NOSURFACE,integer
		\$PITCH_GAIN,degrees/cm
		\$PITCH_VBD_SHIFT,value
		\$SM_CC,cc
		\$SPEED_FACTOR,value
		\$T_DIVE,minutes
	\$T_LOITER,seconds	
	\$T_MISSION,minutes	
	\$T_RSLEEP,minutes	
Checked/Adjusted Prior to Start of Mission		\$MASS,grams
		\$RHO,gm/cc
		\$SIM_W,off/0 or cm/seconds)
		\$SIM_PITCH,off/0 or degrees)

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Checked/Adjusted at Beginning of Mission but Rarely Later in Mission	<p>\$ALTIM_BOTTOM_PING_RANGE,0/off or meters</p> <p>\$ALTIM_BOTTOM_TURN_MARGIN,0/off or meters</p> <p>\$ALTIM_PING_DELTA,0/off or meters</p> <p>\$ALTIM_PING_DEPTH,0/off or meters</p> <p>\$ALTIM_PULSE,milliseconds</p> <p>\$ALTIM_SENSITIVITY,integer</p> <p>\$ALTIM_TOP_MIN_OBSTACLE,0/off or meters</p> <p>\$ALTIM_TOP_PING_RANGE,0/off or meters</p> <p>\$ALTIM_TOP_TURN_MARGIN,0/off or meters</p> <p>\$CALL_TRIES,integer</p> <p>\$CALL_WAIT,seconds</p> <p>\$CAPMAXSIZE,bytes</p> <p>\$CAPUPLOAD,boolean</p> <p>\$COMM_SEQ,integer</p> <p>\$COMPASS_USE,value</p> <p>\$COURSE_BIAS,degrees</p> <p>\$CP_PROFILE,integer*</p> <p>\$CP_RECORDABOVE,meters*</p> <p>\$CP_RECORDAPOGEE,meters*</p> <p>\$CP_RECORDBELOW,meters*</p> <p>\$CP_XMITPROFILE,integer*</p> <p>\$CP_INTERVAL,seconds*</p> <p>\$D_ABORT,meters</p> <p>\$D_BOOST,meters</p> <p>\$D_CALL,integer</p> <p>\$D_FLARE,meters</p> <p>\$D_OFFGRID,meters</p> <p>\$D_PITCH,meters</p> <p>\$D_SAFE,meters</p> <p>\$D_SURF,meters</p> <p>\$ES_PROFILE,integer*</p> <p>\$ES_RECORDABOVE,meters*</p> <p>\$ES_RECORDAPOGEE,meters*</p> <p>\$ES_RECORDBELOW,meters*</p> <p>\$ES_XMITPROFILE,integer*</p> <p>\$ES_INTERVAL,seconds*</p> <p>\$ESCAPE_HEADING,degrees</p> <p>\$FERRY_MAX,degrees</p> <p>\$FIX_MISSING_TIMEOUT,integer</p> <p>\$GLIDE_SLOPE,degrees</p> <p>\$HEAD_ERRBAND,degrees</p> <p>\$KALMAN_USE,integer</p> <p>\$LOGGERS,boolean</p>
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\$N_FILEKB,integer
\$N_GPS,meters,satellites,seconds
\$NAV_MODE,integer
\$P_OVSHOOT,degree
*\$PA_GAIN,integer**
*\$PA_PROFILE,integer**
*\$PA_RECORDABOVE,meters**
*\$PA_RECORDBELOW,meters**
*\$PA_UPLOADMAX,bytes**
*\$PA_XMITPROFILE,integer**
*\$PC_INTERVAL,seconds**
*\$PC_MINCONDFREQ,integer**
*\$PC_PROFILE,integer**
*\$PC_RECORDABOVE,meters**
*\$PC_RECORDAPOGEE,meters**
*\$PC_UPLOADMAX,bytes**
*\$PC_XMITPROFILE,integer**
\$PITCH_DBAND,cm/AD counts
\$PROTOCOL,integer
\$ROLL_DEGREE,degrees
*\$RS_PROFILE,integer**
*\$RS_RECORDABOVE,meters**
*\$RS_RECORDAPOGEE,integer**
*\$RS_RECORDBELOW,meters**
*\$RS_UPLOADMAX,bytes**
*\$RS_XMITPROFILE,integer**
*\$SC_PROFILE,integer**
*\$SC_XMITPROFILE,integer**
\$SEABIRD_T_G,calibration value
\$SEABIRD_T_H,calibration value
\$SEABIRD_T_I,calibration value
\$SEABIRD_T_J,calibration value
\$SEABIRD_C_G,calibration value
\$SEABIRD_C_H,calibration value
\$SEABIRD_C_I,calibration value
\$SEABIRD_C_J,calibration value
\$STOP_T,mmddyymm
\$T_BOOST,seconds
\$T_EPIRB,seconds
\$T_GPS,minutes
\$T_GPS_ALMANAC,integer
\$T_TURN,seconds
\$T_TURN_SAMPINT,seconds
\$TGT_AUTO_DEFAULT,boolean
\$TGT_DEFAULT_LAT,degrees decimal
minutes
\$TGT_DEFAULT_LON,degrees decimal
minutes

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

\$UPLOAD_DIVES_MAX, *integer*

\$USE_BATHY, *integer*

\$VBD_DBAND, *cc*

\$XPDR_INHIBIT, *deciseconds*

\$XPDR_VALID, *integer*

*Parameter present only when sensor is
installed in the Seaglider

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

Never Changed	\$AD7714Ch0Gain ,value
During a Mission	\$AH0_10V ,AmpHours
Unless Directed to	\$AH0_24V ,AmpHours
do so by Kongsberg	\$ALTIM_FREQUENCY ,integer
Customer Support	\$CF8_MAXERRORS ,integer
	\$COMPASS_DEVICE ,integer
	\$COMPASS2_DEVICE ,integer
	\$D_NO_BLEED ,meters
	\$DEEPGLIDER ,boolean
	\$DEEPGLIDERMB ,boolean
	\$DEVICE[1/2/3/4/5/6] ,integer
	\$ESCAPE_HEADING ,degrees
	\$ESCAPE_HEADING_DELTA ,degrees
	\$FG_AHR_10V ,amp-hr
	\$FG_AHR_24V ,amp-hr
	\$FILEMGR ,integer
	\$GPS_DEVICE ,integer
	\$HEAPDBG ,boolean
	\$ICE_FREEZE_MARGIN ,degrees
	\$ID ,integer
	\$INT_PRESSURE_SLOPE ,calibration value
	\$INT_PRESSURE_YINT ,value
	\$KERMIT ,integer
	\$LOGGERDEVICE1 ,integer
	\$LOGGERDEVICE2 ,integer
	\$LOGGERDEVICE3 ,integer
	\$LOGGERDEVICE4 ,integer
	\$MASS_COMP ,integer
	\$MINV_10V ,voltage
	\$MINV_24V ,voltage
	\$MOTHERBOARD ,boolean
	\$N_NOCOMM ,integer
	\$NOCOMM_ACTION ,integer
	\$PHONE_DEVICE ,integer
	\$PHONE_SUPPLY ,integer
	\$PITCH_AD_RATE ,AD counts
	\$PITCH_CNV ,cm/AD counts
	\$PITCH_MAX ,AD counts
	\$PITCH_MAXERRORS ,integer
	\$PITCH_MIN ,AD counts
	\$PITCH_TIMEOUT ,seconds
	\$PRESSURE_SLOPE ,calibration value
	\$PRESSURE_YINT ,value
	\$RAFOS_CORR_THRESH ,value
	\$RAFOS_DEVICE ,integer
	\$RAFOS_HIT_WINDOW ,seconds
	\$RAFOS_PEAK_OFFSET ,seconds
	\$RELAUNCH ,integer

Piloting Parameters for Seaglider Software Version 66.12

	\$ROLL_AD_RATE, <i>integer</i>
	\$ROLL_CNV, <i>degree,AD counts</i>
	\$ROLL_MAX, <i>AD counts</i>
	\$ROLL_MAXERRORS, <i>integer</i>
	\$ROLL_MIN, <i>AD counts</i>
	\$ROLL_TIMEOUT, <i>seconds</i>
	\$STROBE, <i>boolean</i>
	\$SURFACE_URGENCY, <i>integer</i>
	\$SURFACE_URGENCY_FORCE, <i>integer</i>
	\$SURFACE_URGENCY_TRY, <i>integer</i>
	\$T_ABORT, <i>minutes</i>
	\$T_EPIRB, <i>seconds</i>
	\$T_NO_W, <i>seconds</i>
	\$T_WATCHDOG, <i>minutes</i>
	\$TCM_PITCH_OFFSET, <i>degrees</i>
	\$TCM_ROLL_OFFSET, <i>degrees</i>
	\$UNCOM_BLEED, <i>AD counts</i>
	\$USE_ICE, <i>integer</i>
	\$VBD_BLEED_AD_RATE, <i>integer</i>
	\$VBD_CNV, <i>cc/AD counts</i>
	\$VBD_LP_IGNORE, <i>integer</i>
	\$VBD_MAX, <i>AD counts</i>
	\$VBD_MAXERRORS, <i>integer</i>
	\$VBD_MIN, <i>AD counts</i>
	\$VBD_PUMP_AD_RATE_APOGEE, <i>integer</i>
	\$VBD_PUMP_AD_RATE_SURFACE, <i>integer</i>
	\$VBD_TIMEOUT, <i>seconds</i>
	\$XPDR_DEVICE, <i>integer</i>
Expert Mode Used Only After Glider is Well Trimmed; Settings Based on Dive Plot and Regression Analysis	\$DBDW, <i>gm/m/s</i>
	\$HD_A, <i>value</i>
	\$HD_B, <i>value</i>
	\$HD_C, <i>value</i>
	\$P_OVSHOOT_WITHG,
	\$PITCH_ADJ_DBAND, <i>0/off or degrees</i>
	\$PITCH_ADJ_GAIN, <i>0/off or cm/deg</i>
	\$PITCH_W_DBAND, <i>cm/s</i>
	\$PITCH_W_GAIN, <i>cm / m/s</i>
	\$ROLL_ADJ_GAIN, <i>0/off or deg/seconds</i>
	\$ROLL_ADJ_DBAND, <i>0/off or degrees</i>
	\$W_ADJ_DBAND, <i>integer</i>
Seaglider Modified but can be Overridden by Expert Users	\$DIVE, <i>integer</i>
	\$MISSION, <i>integer</i>
	\$R_PORT_OVSHOOT, <i>AD counts</i>
	\$R_STBD_OVSHOOT, <i>AD counts</i>
	\$T_GPS_CHARGE, <i>seconds</i>